

HP-3000/4000

Terminal User's Guide







This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and, if not installed and used in accordance with the Installation Manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at the user's own expense.

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numerique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Reglemente sure le materiel brouilleur du Canada.

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Introduction

The HandPunch 3000/4000 is part of Schlage Biometrics' 3rd generation line of biometric hand geometry Time and Attendance Terminals¹. The HandPunch records and stores a three-dimensional shape of the human hand for comparison and identity verification. Upon verification, the HandPunch records the time, date, user ID number, and collected time and attendance data for collection by a host computer. The HandPunch can produce an output that can unlock a door and it can communicate with a host computer. The HandPunch also has auxiliary inputs and outputs that can be used to control other systems such as bells and alarms.

The HandPunch provides proof-positive employee verification combined with the sophisticated operating features one expects in a modern Time and Attendance Terminal. Because of this unique combination of capabilities, the HandPunch provides the most accurate Time and Attendance data collection terminal available. The key features of the HandPunch include:

- Programmable Function Keys
 - HP-3000 2
 - HP-4000 10
- User Time Restrictions
- Supervisor Override at the "Time Clock"
 - Add Punch
 - Add Bulk Hours or Dollars
 - Review Punches
- Department Transfers
- Explicit Punch Menu
- Transaction Buffer
 - HP-3000 5,120 event capacity
 - HP-4000 7,680 event capacity
- Bell Schedules
- Door Control and Monitoring
- Programmable Clock and Date Formats and Daylight Savings Switch-over

The HP-4000 also includes:

- Integrated Bar Code Reader
- Programmable User Messages
- Data Validation

^{1.} For the sake of using a consistent name throughout the manual, the HandPunch 3000/4000 terminal is referred to as the HandPunch for the remainder of this manual.

Biometrics

Biometrics is a term describing the automatic measurement and comparison of human characteristics. While its origins are ancient, the evolution of advanced scanning and microprocessor technology brought biometrics into everyday life. Electronic hand geometry technology first appeared in the 1970s. Schlage Biometrics Inc., founded in 1986, built the first mass-produced hand geometry readers and made biometric technology affordable for the commercial market. Today, Schlage Biometrics' products are in use in every imaginable application from protecting cash vaults to verifying employee attendance in hospitals.

Principle of Operation

The HandPunch uses low-level infrared light, optics, and a CMOS camera to capture a three-dimensional image of the hand. Using advanced microprocessor technology, the HandPunch converts the image to an electronic template. It stores the template in a database along with the user's ID number.

To gain punch, the user enters his or her ID number at the HandPunch's keypad or uses an external card reader. The HandPunch prompts the user to place his or her hand on the HandPunch's platen¹. The HandPunch compares the hand on the platen with the stored user's unique template. If the images match, the HandPunch records the transaction for processing.

The HandPunch Terminal

The HandPunch is a time and attendance terminal designed for use with time and attendance software. Refer to "Figure 1-1" on page 5 and "Figure 1-2" on page 6 when reviewing the information in this section.

The HandPunch has an integrated keypad for ID entry and reader programming. The HandPunch 3000 has two function keys (F1 and F2 – see Figure 1-1). The HandPunch 4000 has ten function keys (F1 through F10 – see Figure 1-2). These function keys can be programmed to collect data or to activate auxiliary outputs. The **CLEAR** and **ENTER** keys assist in data entry and programming.

The Platen is the flat surface at the base of the HandPunch (see Figure 1-1). This
is where users place their hands for enrollment and verification. It has guide pins to
assist positioning the fingers during use.

Four different features assist the user with hand placement and read verification.

- 1. A light emitting diode (LED) hand placement display on the HandPunch's top panel assists users with hand placement on the platen.
- 2. A liquid crystal display (LCD) shows operational data and programming menus.
- 3. "Red light/Green light" verification LEDs quickly inform users if their verification attempts were rejected or accepted.
- 4. An internal beeper provides audible feedback during keypad data entry and user verification.

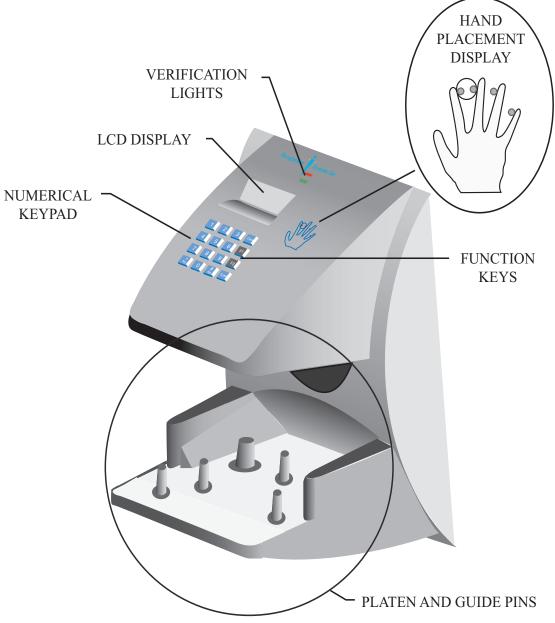
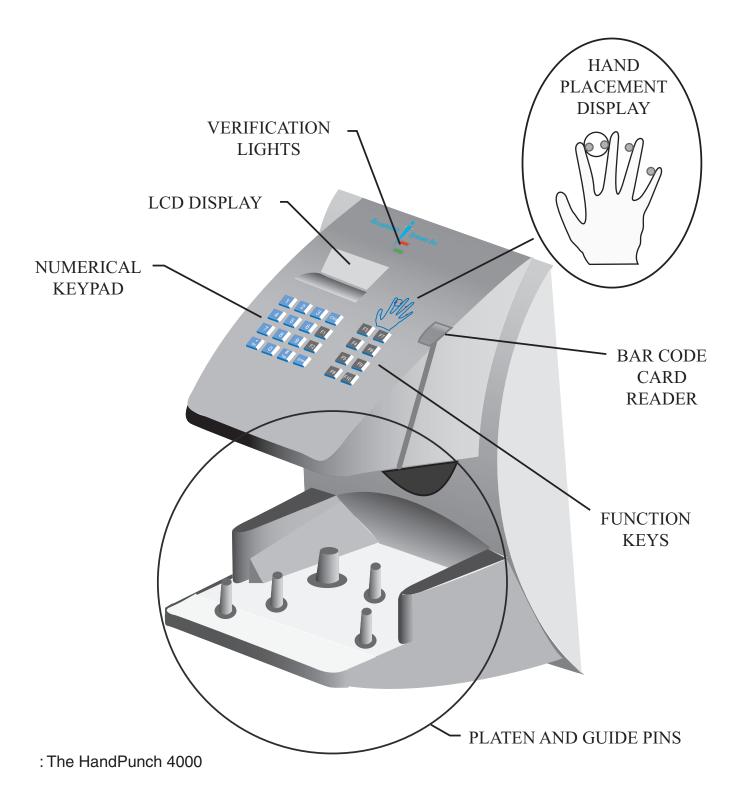


Figure 1-1: The HandPunch 3000



Specifications

Table 1: Specifications

Size: 8.85 inches wide by 11.65 inches high by 8.55 inches		
	223 cm wide by 29.6 cm high by 21.7 cm deep.	
Power:	12 to 24 VDC or 12 to 24 VAC 50-60 Hz, 7 watts	
Weight:	6 lbs (2.7 kg) - 7 lbs (3.2 kg) with optional backup battery	
Wiring:	2 twisted-pair, shielded, AWG 22 or larger (such as Belden 82732)	
Temperature:	-10°C to +60°C – non-operating/storage (14°F to 140°F) 5°C to 40°C – operating (40°F to 110°F)	
Relative Humidity Non-Condensing:	5% to 95% – non-operating/storage (non-condensing) 20% to 80% – operating	
Verification Time:	1 second or less	
Memory Retention:	5 years using a standard internal lithium battery	
Transaction Buffer: HP-3000 – 5,120 transactions HP-4000 – 7,680 transactions		
ID Number Length:	1 to 10 digits	
Baud Rate: 300 to 28.8 K bps		
Communications:	RS-232, RS-422, optional Modem, optional Ethernet	
User Capacity: HP-3000 – 512 users expandable to 40,xxx HP-4000 – 530 users expandable to 5,xxx		
Message Capacity:	HP-4000 – 550 exandable to 3520 (not available with the HP-3000)	
Function Keys:	HP-3000 – 2 user definable, HP-4000 – 10 user definable	
Card Reader Input:	Proximity, Wiegand, Magnetic Stripe, Bar Code (5 VDC provided by HandPunch unit)	
Door Controls:	Lock output, Request to Exit input, Door Switch input (open collector, 5 VDC present, sinks to ground, 100 mA max)	
Alarm Monitoring:	Tamper, Door Forced	
Event Monitoring:	There are a variety of monitoring options including events such as: Invalid ID, Time Zone Violation, ID Refused, Try Again, Power Failure	
Time Zones:	62 total: 2 fixed, 60 programmable	

Table 1: Specifications

Time Schedules:	HP-4000 – 3 definable time schedules per user		
Auxiliary Inputs:	2 (open collector, 5 VDC present, sinks to ground, 100 mA max)		
Auxiliary Outputs:	up to 3 user definable		
	(open collector, 5 VDC present, sinks to ground, 100 mA max)		

Options

HandPunch units have the following options available.

•	Backup Battery Support	See Technical Note 70200-0012 rev C
•	Modem Communication	See Technical Note 70200-0013 rev C
•	Ethernet Communication	See Technical Note 70200-0014 rev H

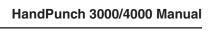
UL Compliance

Hand Readers are UL Listed as stand alone units only (i.e. the card reader function has not been evaluated by UL).

The HandKey II has not been tested for UL 294 in an Outdoor configuration.







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Planning an Installation

Site

Before you begin installation, check the site blueprints, riser diagrams, and Preparation specifications for important information about the HandPunch's location and other systems that will connect to the HandPunch. Look for any existing wall preparations and wiring that other contractors may have installed for the HandPunch. A wire routing layout diagram (see "Figure 3-2" on page 25) is provided to assist in planning.

HandPunch The recommended height for the HandPunch platen is 40 inches (102 cm) Placement from the finished floor. The HandPunch should be out of the path of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, and convenient too, but not behind the door it is controlling. Avoid placing the HandPunch where users must cross the swing path of the door. The HandPunch should be in an area where it is not exposed to excessive airborne dust, direct sunlight, water, or chemicals.

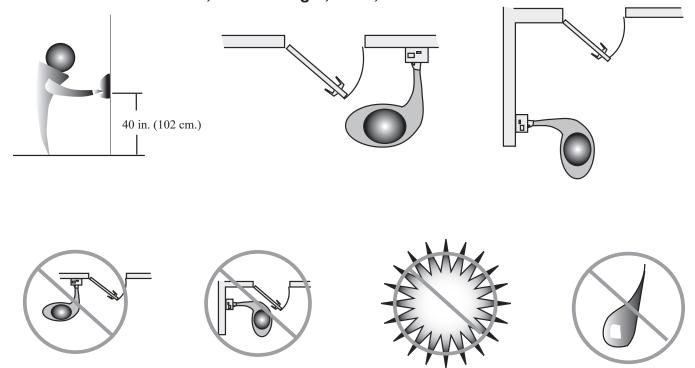


Figure 2-1: HandPunch Placement Rules



For the following sections, Schlage Biometrics does not supply hardware items such as door control relays, door locks, switches, relays, communications or power wiring.

Wiring

Four basic circuits typically connect to the HandPunch:

- Power Input
- · Earth Ground and Shielding
- Networking and Communications
- External Devices

The minimum wire size for these circuits is AWG 22; the maximum wire size is AWG 18. Schlage Biometrics recommends using Belden 82732 or its equivalent when wiring for RS-422 communications.

Power Input

The HandPunch uses an internal switching regulator to obtain internal operational power. It accepts input voltages from 12 to 24 VDC or 12 to 24 VAC at 50 to 60 Hz. The HandPunch comes with a 120 VAC to 13.5 VDC power supply (Class 2, Model No. P48131000A010G-120 VAC, 60 Hz, 21 W, 13.5 VDC output @ 1000mA), if need an optional 220 VDC power supply is also available (this power supply was not evaluated for UL 294).

To power the HandPunch with this power supply, a 120 VAC (or 220 VAC as applicable) duplex outlet must be within 5 feet of the HandPunch. The power supply has a 6-foot cable to provide a comfortable reach between power outlet and HandPunch. The barrel jack at the of the power supply's cable is connected to J12 on the HandPunch PCB.

NOTE
J6 terminal 1 and the center pin of power jack J12 are connected together.
J6 terminal 2 and the sleeve of power jack J12 are connected together.

Note Neither terminal 1 or terminal 2 is connected to the HandPunch ground.

NOTE Do not connect a HandPunch's power supply to a switched duplex outlet. The HandPunch must have a constant source of power for proper operation.

Battery Backup

The HandPunch uses an internal switching regulator to obtain internal operational power. It accepts input voltages from 12 to 24 VDC or 12 to 24 VAC at 50 to 60 Hz. An optional power-fail protection circuit board can be attached to the main circuit board to provide and control battery backup. The design of the internal power supply is such that any range of the above input voltages may be used and still provide proper battery charge voltage and battery backup operation. Switch-over to battery power is automatic and occurs when the input voltage falls to approximately 10.5 volts. At that time the internal battery charger is disabled to save power and uninterrupted operation continues on battery power.

When input power is restored, the HandPunch switches off of battery operation and the battery charger is re-enabled to recharge the battery. Battery charge voltage is set at approximately 13.65 volts, and battery charge current is limited to approximately 50 mA. A fully discharged battery requires approximately 12 hours of charge to fully recover.

Additional options installed and specific configurations within the HandPunch make it difficult to predict precisely how long battery support will last, but in general two hours of battery operation can be expected. While operating on battery backup due to loss of main input power, the battery output voltage is constantly monitored by internal circuitry. If the battery voltage reaches approximately 9.5 volts the HandPunch automatically shuts down. This is done to prevent full exhaustion of the battery. A yellow indicator on the top panel illuminates to indicate that the HandPunch is running off of battery power. This indicator extinguishes when main input power is restored.

Shunt J7 which is located to the left of TS3 see "Figure 4-1" on page 31 enables or disables battery operation on those HandPunchs equipped with optional battery backup. If a HandPunch does not have the optional battery backup package installed, J7 is not used. On HandPunchs equipped with the battery backup option, J7 allows service personnel a mechanism for disabling battery backup operation before removal of main input power. To fully power down a HandPunch equipped with battery backup, remove or reposition shunt J7 so that the two pins protruding up from the main logic board are not connected to each other. This effectively opens the circuit, removing the battery from any internal circuitry. Main input power can then be removed and the HandPunch will fully shut down. Once the HandPunch has fully shut down, shunt J7 may be reinstalled. The design of the power supply is such that main input power must be reapplied to re-enable the battery protection mechanism. If shunt J7 is not properly installed, the internal backup battery will not be charged, and in the event of a main input power loss, the HandPunch will shut down. The HandPunch with the battery backup option uses a 12 volt 800 ma/hour sealed lead acid battery to provide backup battery power. This battery is located immediately inside the rear panel of the HandPunch and plugs into jack J4 on the keypad control circuit board located in the top of the chassis.

Earth Ground and Shielding

Schlage Biometrics recommends that all HandPunchs be grounded with a solid, reliable earth ground connection. This connection establishes a common ground return point used to protect internal semiconductor devices from ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD) and from external signal line transients. It also provides a common signal level reference point between externally networked HandPunchs. Schlage Biometrics recommends that the earth ground source be identified by a qualified electrician familiar with electrical codes as well as wiring and grounding techniques.

This is an extremely important and often overlooked aspect of hard-wired serial communication systems. If the sending and receiving stations do not agree on the ground reference for the signal voltages, communication errors or a total inability to communicate may be observed. If the voltages are very different, it is even possible to damage the units.

The subject of grounding can be complicated, and the full circuit of a system, including power supplies and often even the building line power wiring, must be understood. It is strongly recommended that a qualified electrician or electrical engineer familiar with this subject be consulted when designing the wiring of an HGU network installation. Always adhere to any applicable electrical codes for your area. Schlage Biometrics is not responsible for damage done to units due to improper wiring.

NOTE

Use any one of the following ground terminals to make the earth ground connection: 4, 10, or 13. Do **NOT** use terminal 2 to establish the earth ground connection; terminal 2 is not directly connected to ground.

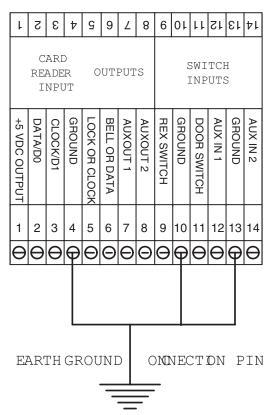


Figure 2-2: Earth Ground Connection Terminals

There are two standard methods for providing earth grounding to HandPunch units:

- earth grounding all units (see Figure 2-3)
- carrying an earth ground to each unit (see Figure 2-4)

Earth ground all units when there is a good earth ground source near each unit and/or when there are very long cable runs between units.

All Units

Carry an earth ground to each unit when there are no earth grounds **Earth Ground** convenient to the unit and the unit's power supply is floating.

> One method of establishing a ground reference is to connect each unit's main board ground to earth ground. Earth ground is found on the third pin on standard AC line sockets (in the United States, this is the round one in the middle). If the building wiring is functioning correctly, this should be a lowimpedance path to a true ground, which then serves as a common reference point for the units.

If this method of grounding the units is used, it is not necessary to connect the units in the network together with a ground line in the communication cable. Indeed, doing so could create ground loops—large-area loops which provide a good coupling to external magnetic fields—which may actually compound communication problems. If a magnetic field, such as that from a lightning strike, induces a voltage in the ground loop, it is possible for large currents to flow around the loop, which can raise the ground potential of some units relative to others. When the shield or the cable is connected to any ground in this configuration, it should be connected only at one end to prevent the formation of ground loops.

For systems with multiple units on a network, there will be a series of cables daisy-chained between the units, and the shield of each leg of the network should be connected to ground at only one end. It does not matter which end. An example of this method of grounding is shown in Figure 2-3.

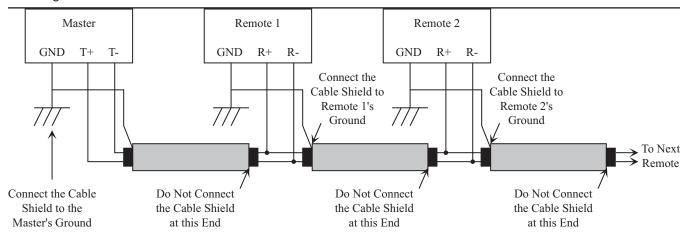
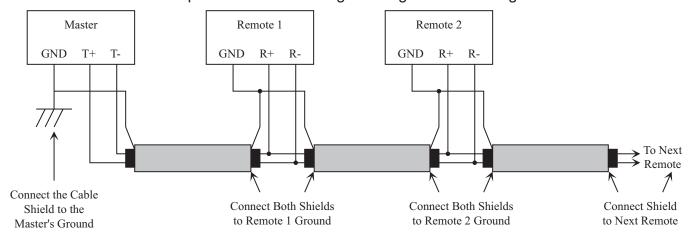


Figure 2-3: Communication Shielding with All Units Earth Grounded

All units are connected to the same earth ground. Each shield ground is connected to only one unit, then interrupted to prevent the formation of ground loops. Two sets of lines are wired as shown in Figure 2-3. It does not matter significantly which unit's GND is used for a particular shield, as long as the path is broken from unit to unit.

Carry a Ground Line to Each Unit

The second method of establishing a ground reference in a system with floating power supplies is to use the ground line in the RS-422 cable to establish a common reference voltage for the communication signals. This line should be connected to the negative power terminal on the data converter or the ground line in the RS-232 port from the host PC system. It should then be carried to one of the ground terminals on the back of each unit in the network. An example of this method of grounding is shown in Figure 2-4.



: Communication Shielding Carrying a Single Ground to Each Unit

If no earth ground is available at the units, this is the only possible method of connecting the grounds. Even if an earth ground is available, depending on the building's power wiring and other environmental issues, this method may be superior to the previous one, since it establishes the ground of each unit independently of the building power lines. Local variations in grounds between buildings, or from one point to another in a very large building, (perhaps due to

elevator motors or other large-current drawing machines) will have no effect on the communication network if this configuration is used.

However, the power supplies must be truly floating, with no hidden paths back to the high-voltage side of the transformers, or to earth ground. Since this is difficult to achieve (there is always some parasitic capacitance between the primary and secondary in any transformer), this method may be more susceptible to high-frequency transients in the high-voltage side of the power lines than the earth-grounded method.

The master unit's ground establishes the ground for the entire system. The main board ground points are connected to the shield ground at each unit, but are not connected to earth ground. The ground point on the master can be the data converter power supply negative terminal, or the GND pin on the RS-232 cable. If the master is an HGU, its main board ground can be used. This configuration should only be used if the power supplies to the units are truly floating, otherwise ground loops will be created, and differences in local grounds may cause large currents to flow through the cable shield.

Communications

HandPunch to Host Computer Connection

HandPunch/host computer communications can be configured in one of three ways:

- via a direct RS-232 connection
- via a direct RS-422 connection using a data converter
- via an optional Ethernet network connection (one HandPunch terminal must have the Ethernet communication option installed)
- via an optional Modem connection (one HandPunch terminal must have the Modem communication option installed)

RS-232 Host Computer Connection

A direct HandPunch connection to a host computer can be made through an 4-conductor cable in an RS-232 serial configuration. A 6' or 50' cable may be purchased through Schlage Biometrics or a wiring diagram for the RS-232 to host computer connection is found on "Table 4" on page 33.



If you make the RS-232 to host computer connection you cannot use the serial printer option (see page 21).

RS-422 Host Computer Connection

A direct HandPunch network connection to a host computer can be made through a shielded, 4-conductor cable in a full-duplex RS-422 configuration. An RJ-11 jack must be installed within 6 feet of the host computer. Position the RJ-11 jack using the template provided in this manual (see "Figure 3-2" on page 25). The HandPunch RS-422 network is connected to this jack.

A data converter (Schlage Biometrics P/N: DC-102) is required to connect the host computer to the RS-422 HandPunch network. The DC-102 is connected to an available RS-232 serial port on the computer. Then connect the DC-102 to the RJ-11 jack using the 8 foot cable provided with the DC-102. A wiring diagram for the RS-422 to host computer connection is found on page 31.

A HandPunch communication network is then connected, unit-to-unit, via an RS-422 "daisy-chain" network. A network RJ-11 jack is installed on or in the wall behind each terminal. Each RJ-11 jack is then interconnected in daisy-chain fashion using two, twisted-pair, AWG22 wires (Schlage Biometrics recommends using Belden No. 82723 cable). The daisy-chain network can extend up to 4,000 feet in length, and can have up to 31 HandPunch terminals connected to it.

Connect the HandPunch terminal to the RJ-11 jack using the short silver cable provided with the terminal.

Hand Puncl

NOTE terminals in a "star" network (a network where a number of units are all connected to the network at one, central location – see Figure 2-5). Hand Hand Punch Punch Hand Hand Hand Hand Punch Punch Punch Punch

Daisy Chain - OK

When wiring the RS-422 daisy-chain network, do not wire HandPunch

Star - Not Supported

Figure 2-5: Daisy-Chain Versus Star Network Communication Connections

Hand

Computer Connection

Ethernet Host The HandPunch is available with an optional, internal Ethernet communications module for TCP/IP communications between the HandPunch network and the host computer. When connecting via an Ethernet connection, one HandPunch terminal must be configured with this Ethernet option. This terminal will communicate with the host computer.

> To make the Ethernet connection, the Ethernet wiring must conform to 10BaseT standards. An Ethernet RJ-45 jack must be installed on or in the wall behind the Ethernet HandPunch terminal. Position the jack location using the template provided in this manual (see "Figure 3-2" on page 25). The cable from the jack to the HandPunch is not provided with the Ethernet option. A wiring diagram for the Ethernet to host computer connection is found on page 39.

IP Address and Gateway and Subnet Mask information is entered at the HandPunch using the Set Serial command (see page 59).

Modem Host Computer Connection

The HandPunch is also available with an optional modem module for telephone line communications between the HandPunch network and the host computer. When connecting via modem, one HandPunch terminal must be configured with the modem option. This terminal will communicate with the host computer.

To make the modem connection, a telephone jack must be installed on or in the wall behind the modem HandPunch terminal. Position the RJ-11 jack location using the template provided in this manual (see "Figure 3-2" on page 25). The short black cable provided with the modern HandPunch connects the terminal to the telephone jack. A wiring diagram for a modem to host computer connection is found on page 40.

External Devices

The HandPunch can control external devices such as:

- Bell
- Door Lock
- Request to Exit, Door Switch, and Auxiliary Inputs
- Auxiliary Outputs
- External Card Reader
- Serial Printer

The HandPunch requires the use of an external DC power supply to operate other controls or relays. The power supply can be of a different voltage than that used to power the HandPunch. The bell, door lock, and auxiliary outputs switch to ground when activated. For these devices, one pole of a control relay is connected to the PLUS side of the power supply, and the other pole connects to the output connection (switched minus) on the HandPunch. The negative pole on the external power supply must connect to a negative (ground) connection on the HandPunch to complete the circuit. The current draw of the relay or external device must not exceed 0.1A.

Wiring for these devices should enter the HandPunch through the opening in the center of the wall plate or through the conduit opening at the right side of the HandPunch.

NOTE

The external DC power supplies and relays needed to operate external devices such as bells or door locks are **NOT** provided by Schlage Biometrics. You must provide these power supplies.

Bell

The bell control circuit switches direct current to ground when actuated. The bell must receive its power from an external power supply through the contacts of a bell control relay. Refer to the <u>Bell Output Wiring Diagram</u> on page 34.

Door Lock

The door lock control output of the HandPunch switches to ground upon verification (unless programmed to send card data to a third-party control panel). As the output is limited to 0.1A, a lock control relay must be used. Refer to the <u>Lock Output Wiring Diagram</u> on page 35 for lock output wiring connections. The relay and lock must receive power from an external power supply.

Request to Exit, Door Switch, and **Auxiliary** Inputs

The HandPunch terminal has four inputs. Refer to the Inputs Wiring Diagram on page 36.

- Request to Exit
- Door Switch
- Two Auxiliary Inputs

A Request to Exit switch (REX) on the secure side of a controlled door will activate the lock output. When the REX switch is pressed, the door unlocks for a specified time. The REX switch must be a momentary contact, normally open switch rated greater than 0.5 mA, 5 VDC circuit.

A Door Switch monitors door status – open or closed. The door switch must be a normally closed switch rated greater than 0.5 mA, 5 VDC circuit.

Auxiliary Input requirements vary, depending upon the type of input device, but the input device should be rated greater than 0.5 mA, 5 VDC circuit.

Auxiliary Outputs

The HandPunch allows for the connection of up to three auxiliary output devices. Refer to the Outputs Wiring Diagram on page 35.

External **Card Reader**

You can connect an external card reader (such as a magnetic stripe, bar code, or proximity reader) to a HandPunch. This external card reader provides a secondary level of user identification.

The HandPunch may require special format programming to be able to read these external card reader formats. Contact your dealer for information.

The connection to an external card reader is made through TS-3 on the HandPunch. Refer to the External Card Reader Wiring Diagram on page 37.

Serial Printer You can connect a serial printer to a HandPunch. A serial printer connected to the HandPunch prints punches as they occur. Schlage Biometrics does not supply serial printers. The connection to a serial printer is made through J4, the 4 pin connector on the HandPunch. Refer to the Serial Printer Connection Diagram on page 41. Refer to the Printer String Information Application Note (available from Schlage Biometrics) for detailed information on connecting a serial printer to a HandPunch.



If you use the serial printer option you cannot use the RS-232 HandPunch network to host computer option (see page 18).



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Mechanical Installation

Select an installation location based on the guidelines provided in the <u>Planning an Installation</u> section beginning on page 11.

Wall Plate Installation

NOTE

For the following instructions protect the HandPunch from the dust and debris generated during the wall plate installation process.

1. Remove the wall plate from the packing carton. Refer to Figure 3-1 for all wall plate references in the following section.

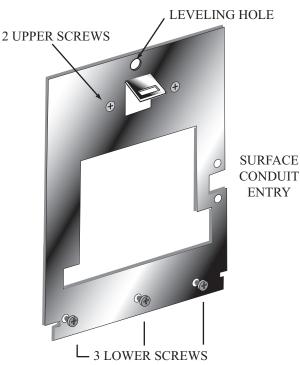


Figure 3-1: Wall Plate

- 2. Measure and mark a point 42 1/2 inches (123 cm) from the surface of the finished floor. This point will correspond to where the top-center point of the HandPunch should be mounted.
- 3. For a hollow wall, drive a small nail into the wll at the mark and hang the wall plate from the leveling hole located near the top of the wall plate.
- 4. For a solid wall, hold teh wall plate against the wall, centering the leveling hole over the mark in the wall.

- 5. Align a bubble level with the top edge of the wall plate and gently rotate the wall plate until the bubble level shows that the totp edge of the wall plate is level.
- 6. Secure the plate to the wall using heavy masking tape.
- 7. Using the wall plate as a template, mark the locations of teh two upper screw holes and the three lower screw holes.
- 8. For a concealed wiring connection, trace the outline of the open area in the center of the wall plate. Identify and mark a 1/2 inch hole through which the HandPunch's wiring will be mounted.
- 9. For a surface conduit wiring connection, mark the two conduit clamp holes at the right side of the wall plate.
- 10. Remove the wall plate, masking tape, and the nail (if used).

Mounting the Wall Plate

- 1. For a hollow wall, use the provided hardware to mount the wall plate. Use the two auger style fasteners for teh upper two mounting holes. Use the toggle bolts for the three lower mounting holes.
- 2. For a solid wall, use expansion bolts to mount the wall plate. For all five mounting holes, drill a 1/4 inch diameter hole, 1/4 of an inch deeper than the length of the expansion anchor.

Routing the Wiring

- 1. For a concealed wiring connection, drill a 1/2 inch hole in a convenient location within the open area of the wall plate. Pull the wiring to enter the HandPunch through this hole in the open area.
- 2. For a surface conduit wiring connection, drill a 1/4 inch diameter hole, 1/4 of an inch deeper than the length of the expansion anchor for each of the two conduit clamp holes. Route 1/2 inch conduit to the HandPunch, ending the conduit between the two conduit clamp holes. Pull the wiring to enter the HandPunch through the conduit.

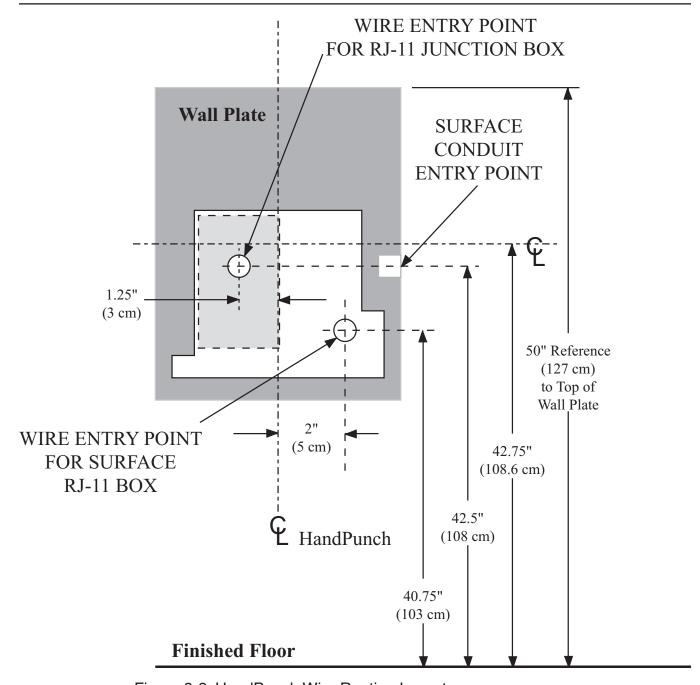
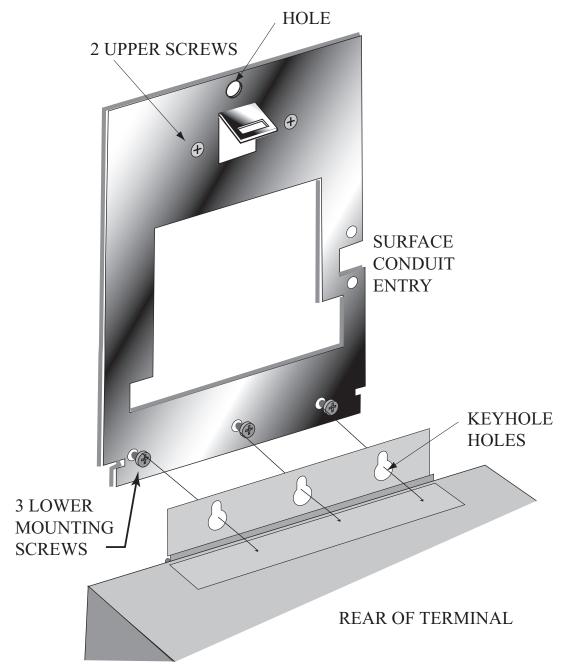


Figure 3-2: HandPunch Wire Routing Layout

Attaching the HandPunch

- Attaching the 1. Remove the HandPunch from its carton.
 - 2. Align the sleeves of the back plate with the pins of the wall plate and slide the HandPunch to the left as shown in "Figure 3-3" on page 26.



: Attaching the HandPunch to the Wall Plate

3. The Hand Punch is now ready for its wiring connections.

Networking and Communications

HandReader networking and communications can be configured in one of five ways:

- as a stand-alone HandReader
- as a master or remote HandReader in a HandReader network
- as a remote HandReader in a HandReader network connected to a host PC
- as a remote network connected via optional Modem to host PC
- as a remote network connected via optional Ethernet to host PC

Stand-alone HandReader

When installed as a stand-alone access control system there is no communication wiring to other HandReaders or to a host computer. Power input and control output wiring are all that are required. An RS-232 serial printer output is available for event logging (refer to the <u>Printer</u> section on 29). Schlage Biometrics highly recommends using Backhand™ software to backup template information stored in the HandReader.

Master or Remote HandReader in a HandReader Network

Multiple HandReaders can be linked together in a HandReader network.

- Up to 32 HandReaders can be linked together on a 2-wire RS-485 or 4-wire RS-422 network (see Figure 3-1).
- Two twisted-pair, shielded, AWG 22 (or larger) wire should be used (Schlage Biometrics recommends Belden 82732 or its equivalent).
- The wiring must be a "daisy-chain" network from HandReader to HandReader and must not exceed 4,000 feet (1220 meters) in total length.

The master/remote network requires user enrollment at the "master" HandReader. The master HandReader distributes hand template data with ID numbrs and time restrictions (if any) to the other HandReaders in the network. Users removed at the master HandReader are automatically removed from the remote readers. A printer connected to the master HandReader will report transactions from all Handreaders on the network.

Remote
HandReader
in a
HandReader
Network
Connected to
a Host PC

Multiple HandReaders can be linked to a presonal computer (PC) for an integrated access control network. Real time monitoring of door status and a variety of alarm types can be done with Schlage Biometrics' HandNet for Windows™ (Schlage Biometrics model number HN-300) software. To run HandNet for Windows™, the computer must be PC compatible, using a Pentium™-166 or faster microprocessor and it must have a CD-ROM.

 The HandNet software can monitor over 1,000 HandReaders simultaneously.

- An unlimited number of sites can be created with up to 32 HandReaders per site.
- The HandReaders report all transactions to the PC. The HandNet software records all transactions and displays a variety of reports generated from this information.
- Template management is handled automatically.
- Users may enroll at any HandReader in the system. The PC collects the data and distributes it to other HandReaders in the network.
- Access may be restricted by time and by HandReader via HandNet's access profiles and by the use of time zones.

Typically, HandReader networks link to a PC using an RS-422 connection. These networks have the following requirements:

- Two twisted pair, shielded, AWG 22 wire or larger should be used (Schlage Biometrics recommends Belden No. 82723 or equivalent cable).
- HandReaders must be wired together in a "daisy-chain" network from HandReader to HandReader and then to the host PC. The total length of teh wiring must not exceed 4,000 feet per network.
- The network requires an RS-422 to RS-232 converter (Schlage Biometrics P/N DC-102) at the PC.

Schlage Biometrics' optional HandNet for Windows™ software allows programming of most of the remote HandReader setups from the computer. However, each HandReader on the network requires the setting of an address. HandReader addresses may be repeated, but **only** on different sites. Display language, date format changes, and the communication mode must also be set at the HandReader.

Remote
HandReader
Connected to
a Host PC via
Optional
Modem

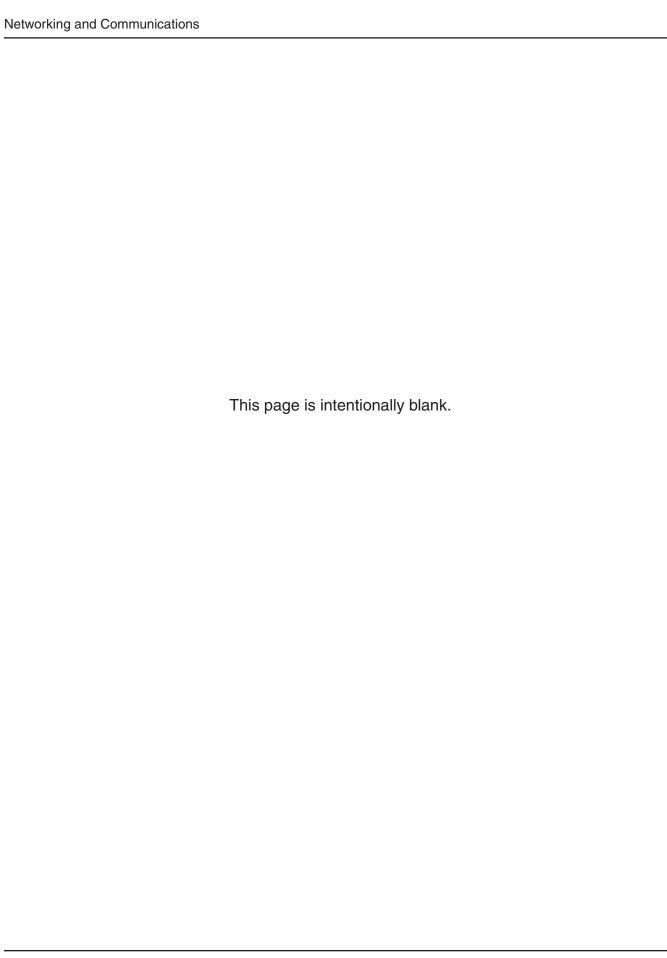
An optional internal "answer only" 14.4 bps modem is available for HandReaders. This modem is designed for operation with United States phone systems. Site wiring should conform to standard telephone wiring standards and terminate at teh HandReader with a standard RJ-11 modular phone jack. Each HandReader with a modem includes a XXXX cable for the final connection between the phone jack and the HandReader modem. Modem HandReaders may be networked with up to 31 non-modem HandReaders using RS-422 wiring. Refer to the Modem application note (available from Schlage Biometrics) for detailed information.

Remote HandReader Connected to a Host PC via Optional Ethernet

The HandReader is available with an optional internal Ethernet communications module for TCP/IP communications. The wiring must conform to 10BaseT standards. Typically, network wiring terminates at the HandReader with a standard RJ-45 modular jack. The cable from the jack to the HandReader is <u>not</u> provided with the Ethernet option. The IP address, Gateway, and Host Bits are entered at the HandReader in the SET SERIAL menu. Ethernet HandReaders may be networked with up to 31 non-Ethernet HandReaders using RS-422 twisted pair cable. Refer to the <u>Ethernet</u> application note (available from Schlage Biometrics) for detailed information.

Printer

A serial printer can be connected to a HandReader. A printer connected to a remote HandReader will print only the events that occur at that HandReader. Schlage Biometrics Inc. does not supply serial printers. Refer to the <u>Printer String</u> application note (available from Schlage Biometrics) for detailed information.



Wiring Connections

Once the HandPunch is attached to the wall plate the wiring connections to the HandPunch can be made (see Figure 4-1).

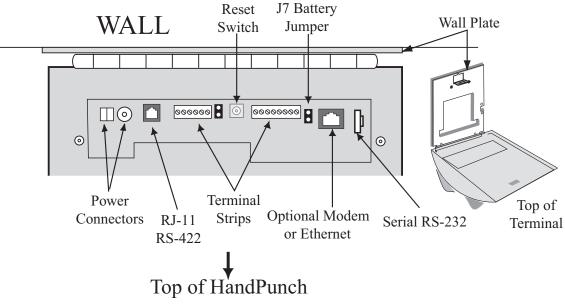


Figure 4-1: Wiring Connections

Wiring Examples

The following tables provide the pinouts for the terminal strips on the HandPunch.

- "Table 2" on page 32 provides the pinouts for TS-2: Input Connections.
- "Table 3" on page 32 provides the pinouts for TS-3: Card Reader and Output Connections.
- "Table 4" on page 33 provides the pinouts for the Serial RS-232 Connection.
- "Table 5" on page 33 provides the pinouts for the RS-422 HandPunch to HandPunch Network Connection.

The following figures provide the pinout diagrams for the RJ-11 and RS-232 connectors:

- "Figure 4-2" on page 33 provides the pinouts for J3, the RJ-11/RS-422 Network Configuration.
- "Figure 4-3" on page 34 provides the pinouts for J8, the RS-232 Serial Printer Connection.

The following figures provide typical HandPunch wiring diagrams.

- "Figure 4-4" on page 34 provides a typical Bell Output wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-5" on page 35 provides a typical Lock Output wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-6" on page 36 provides a typical Input wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-7" on page 37 provides a typical Card Reader Emulation Mode wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-8" on page 38 provides a typical Host PC Network System wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-9" on page 39 provides a typical Ethernet Network wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-10" on page 40 provides a typical Modem Network wiring diagram.
- "Figure 4-11" on page 41 provides a typical Printer to HandPunch wiring diagram.

Table 2: TS-2 - Input Connections

Terminal	Connection	
9	Request to Exit Input	
10	Ground	
11	Door Monitor Switch Input (NC Standby)	
12	Auxiliary Input 1	
13	Ground	
14	Auxiliary Input 2	

Table 3: TS-2 - Output Connections

Terminal	Connection	
1	+5 VDC @ 400mA Max. Output for External Card Reader	
2	Card Reader: Wiegand D0 or Magnetic Stripe Data Input	
3	Card Reader: Wiegand D1 or Magnetic Stripe Clock Input	
4	Ground	
5	Lock Output or Wiegand D1 or Magnetic Stripe Clock Output	
6	Auxiliary Output 0 or Wiegand Data 0 or Magnetic Stripe Data Ou	
7	Auxiliary Output 1zt	

Table 3: TS-2 - Output Connections

Terminal	Connection	
8	Auxiliary Output 2	

Table 4: RS-232 Connection

Pin	Signal	Connection
1	GND	Ground
2	RXD	Receive Data Input (from external device)
3	TXD	Transmit Data Output (to external device)
4	RTS	Ready to Send Output (to external device)

Table 5: RJ-11/RS-422 Network Connection

J3 Pin	Signal
1	Rx+
2	Rx-
3	Tx-
4	Tx+

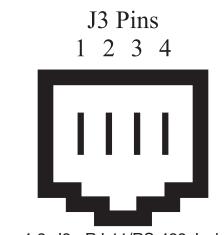
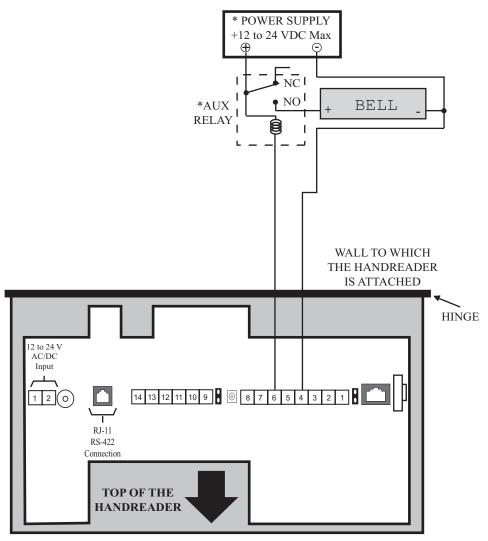


Figure 4-2: J3 - RJ-11/RS-422 Jack Pinout

RS-232 Pins

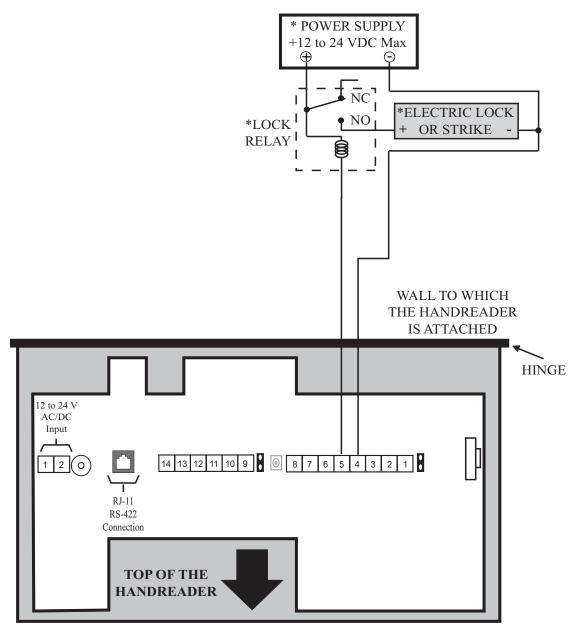
Figure 4-3: J4 - RS-232 Jack Pinout



^{*} These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 4-4: Bell Output Wiring Diagram

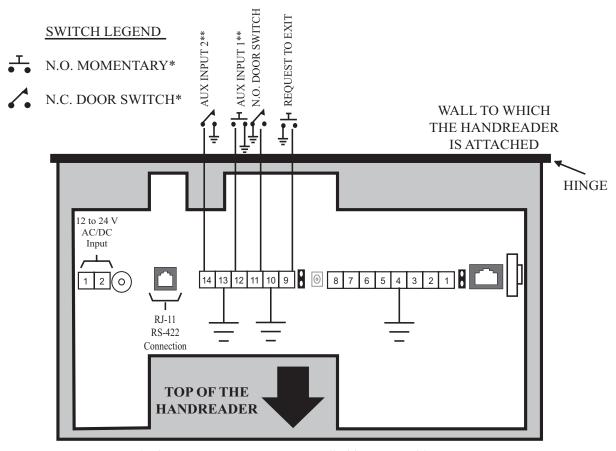
^{**} The operation of the Auxiliary Outputs depend upon how the inputs have been configured.



^{*} These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 4-5: Lock Output Wiring Diagram

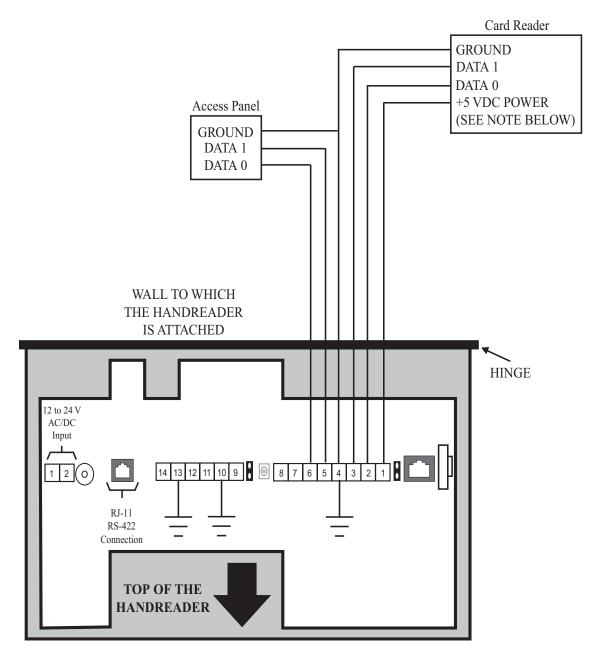
^{**} The operation of the Auxiliary Outputs depend upon how the inputs have been configured.



^{*} These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 4-6: Request to Exit, Door Switch, and Auxiliary Inputs Wiring Diagram

^{**} The operation of the Auxiliary Inputs depend upon how the inputs have been configured.



NOTE: For +12 VDC readers, connect power supply +12 VDC to card reader.

Figure 4-7: Card Reader Emulation Mode Wiring Diagram

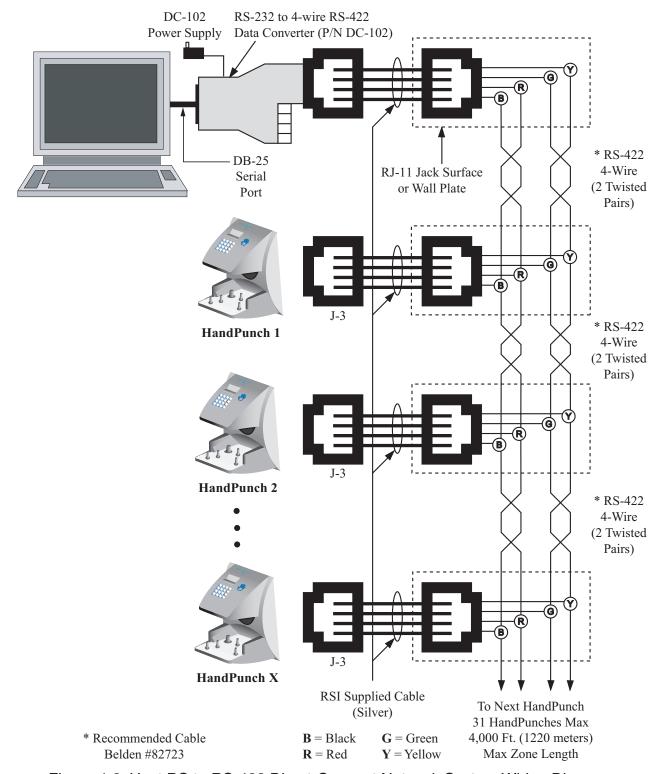


Figure 4-8: Host PC to RS-422 Direct-Connect Network System Wiring Diagram

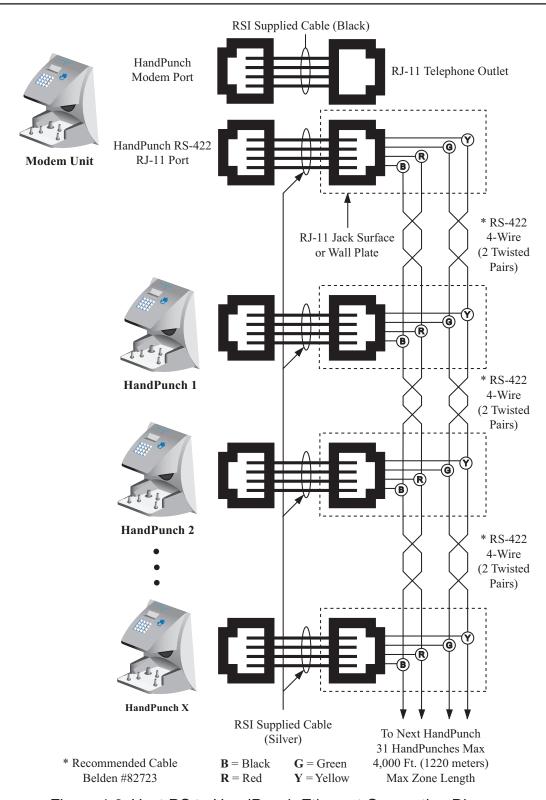


Figure 4-9: Host PC to HandPunch Ethernet Connection Diagram

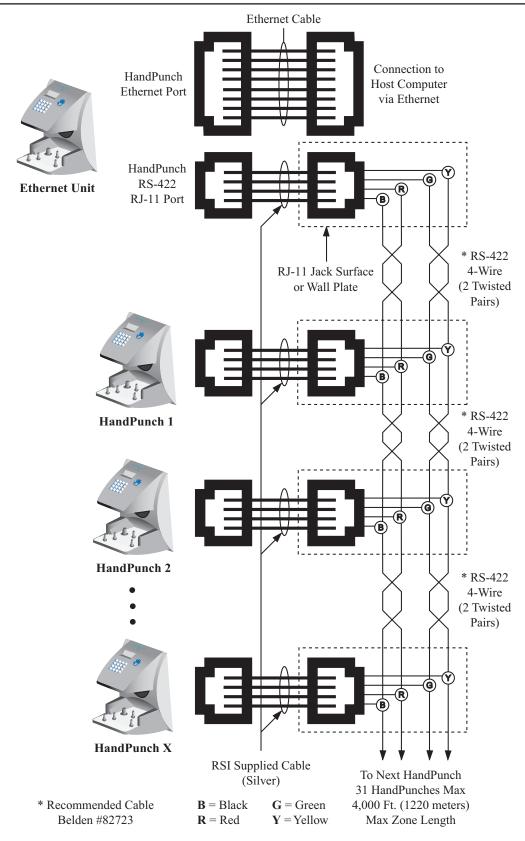
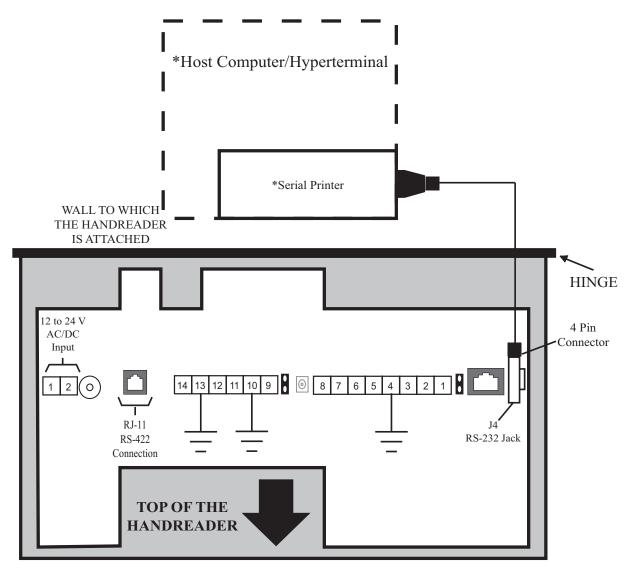


Figure 4-10: Host PC to HandPunch Modem Connection



^{*} These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 4-11: HandPunch to Serial Printer or Host Computer Wiring Diagram



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Erasing the Memory

There are two options when erasing the memory of the HandReader:

- 1. Setup
- 2. All

The erasing of the setup will set the HandReader's address, passwords, etc., back to factory defaults.

Erasing HandReader Memory

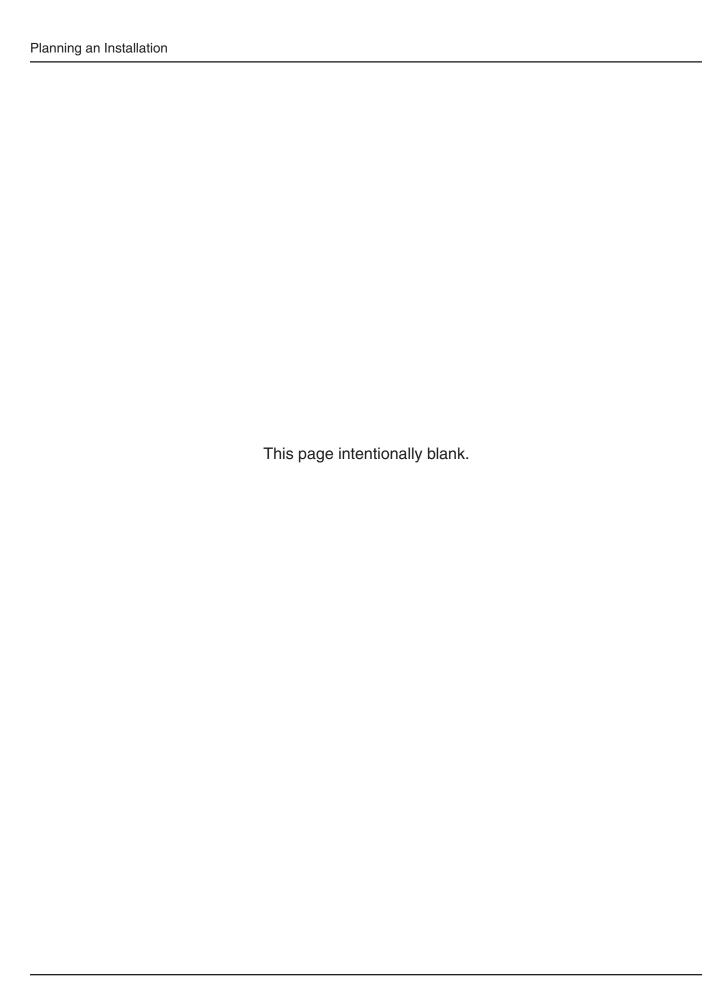
Choosing the All option will take the HandReader's setup back to factory defaults plus erase all user databases and datalogs. This action cannot be undone. If there is a software that is managing the system then the users can be downloaded back to the HandReader if needed.

The erase memory function allows a HandReader's setup and/or user database to be erased.

Perform the following steps to erase the setup programs but retain the user database.

- 1. With system power OFF, depress reset switch.
- 2. Turn system power ON and wait 5 seconds.
- 3. LCD screen will display.

ERASE :1 SETUP :9 ALL!!!



Closing the HandPunch

Before closing the HandPunch clear all dust and debris away from the HandPunch. With the wal mount latch in the unlocked position, swing the body of the HandPunch up and lock the latch into place with the key provided with the HandPunch (see Figure 6-1 below).

Dust and debris surrounding the HandPunch can drastically affect the terminal's operation. It is important to ensure the HandPunch is free from dust and debris before closing the terminal.

Do not force the HandPunch onto the wall mount latch when the latch is in the locked position.

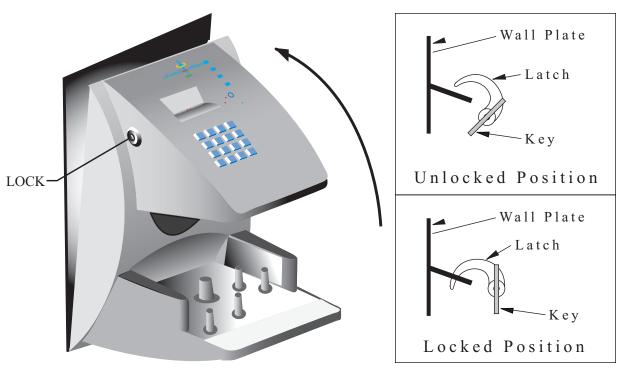
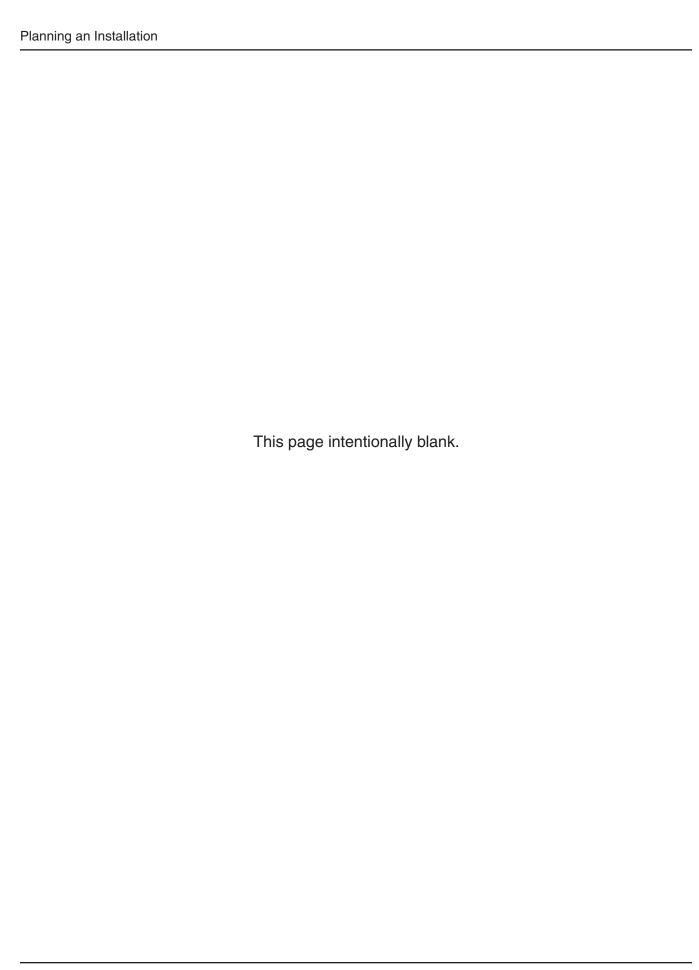


Figure 6-1: Closing the HandPunch



Enter Command Menu

Press the **CLEAR** and **ENTER** keys simultaneously to enter a command menu.

If No One is Enrolled in the HandPunch

1. The display appears as follows:

ENTER PASSWORD

2. Press the default password for the menu you wish to enter.

Press 1 for the Service Menu.

Press 2 for the Setup Menu.

Press 3 for the Management Menu.

Press 4 for the Enrollment Menu.

Press 5 for the Security Menu.

3. Press **ENTER** and the first command option in the selected menu appears.

If Users are Enrolled in the HandPunch

1. The display appears as follows.

ENTER ID

- 2. Enter your ID number on the keypad and place your hand on the platen for verification.
- 3. If verification is successful, the display appears as follows.

Enter Password

4. Enter the password for the menu you wish to enter. The default passwords are as follows:

Press 1 for the Service Menu.

Press 2 for the Setup Menu.

Press 3 for the Management Menu.

Press 4 for the Enrollment Menu.

Press 5 for the Security Menu.

- 5. Press **ENTER**
- 6. If you are authorized to use this command, the first command option in the selected menu appears.
- 7. If you are not authorized to enter this command, the display appears as follows:

ENTER ID

*:

NOTE

To access these menus you must be the first person enrolled in a new system installation or you must have been enrolled as a supervisor. If you are blocked from the supervisory menus, verify your access rights with management personnel. If enrollment information has been incorrectly changed and you must have supervisory access to all menus, make these changes through software.

NOTE

It is possible to physically reset the HandPunch's memory, however resetting memory sets all unit parameters back to the factory default values. Resetting memory allows access to all menus by the first person enrolled (as if it is a new system installation), but this means that **all employee information programmed into the HandPunch is lost and must be re-entered manually.** Be sure you need to reset memory before performing this function. To reset memory, refer to the <u>Erasing HandPunch Memory</u> section on page 43.

Navigating Command Menus

Once you have entered a command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system

- Press # to enter the command shown on the display.
- Press * to step to the next command in the menu.
- Press CLEAR to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, you may have to press CLEAR multiple times to completely exit the command menu.



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Programming the HandPunch

The HandPunch is programmed via a series of command menus. A summary of the menus and commands is given in Table 6.

Table 6: Basic Command Mode Structure

Service Menu	Setup Menu	Management Menu	Enrollment Menu	Security Menu
Password 1	Password 2	Password 3	Password 4	Password 5
Calibrate	Set Language	Supervisor Override	Add Employee	Special Enroll
Status Display	Set Date Format	List Users	Add Supervisor	
	Set Time and Date	Set User Data	Remove User	
	Set Address	Restrictions		
	Set ID Length			
	Set Serial			
	Set Reader Mode			
	Upgrade			

To control access to the command menus, each menu has a unique password. This password is requested as a part of the process for accessing each menu. A supervisor must enter the correct password for that menu to access that menu. The default menu passwords are given in Table 6.

To increase the security of the HandPunch, Schlage Biometrics recommends changing the passwords for the command menus to new numbers. These password numbers can be up to 10 digits long. This is done with the Set Passwords command described on.

Authority Level

A second method for controlling access to the command menus is through the use of Authority Levels. Authority Levels control whether or not a user has access to the command menus.

- Level 0 is for a user who does not need access to any of the command menus.
- Level 5 is assigned to Supervisors who need access to all of the command menus.

The HandPunch automatically assigns Authority Level 0 to users enrolled by the Add Employee command. Authority Level 5 is automatically assigned to users enrolled by the Add Supervisor command.



Until a user has been assigned to Supervisor, every user can access every menu. Once a user has been enrolled using the Add Supervisor (designated as a supervisor), all further user authority levels are assigned. The first person enrolled should be enrolled using the Add Supervisor command. This protects the integrity of the system. Schlage Biometrics strongly recommends enrolling at least two users as supervisors to ensure that more than one person has the authority to access all menus and all commands.

Programming Order

When setting up HandPunch operations there is a general programming/ operations order that should be followed.

<u>Set HandPunch Site Parameters</u> – Set the HandPunch site parameters to meet site-specific needs and usage: change the language used by the display, set the HandPunch's address, and set the serial communication baud rate (used if you have installed a serial printer – see page 56).

<u>Enroll Supervisory Staff</u> – Enroll yourself and the supervisors who will have responsibility for HandPunch management. This is done through the Enrollment Menu (see Supervisor Enrollment on page 66).



The time, date, and ID number length are normally set by the host computer. However, a supervisor can change these parameters at a HandPunch after setup information has been downloaded from the host computer.

These tasks are done through the Setup Menu. The instructions for reader setup parameters begin on page 56.

<u>Train and Enroll Users</u> – Train each user regarding HandPunch usage and then Enroll each user. This is done through the Enrollment Menu. The instructions for employee enrollment begin on page 66. Special enrollment allows you to enroll people with disabilities that prevent them from using the HandPunch properly. Employees with special enrollment ID numbers can punch in without biometric verification.



This means that anyone who knows a special enrollment ID number can punch in. This function should only be used if absolutely necessary. The instructions for special enrollment begin on page 68.

System Management

Onca a HandPunch system is in operation the following commands are used for system management.

- <u>Supervisor Override</u> Review employee punch history, add bulk hours or dollars, or record a punch for an employee. This is done through the Management Menu. The instructions for supervisor override begin on page 61.
- <u>List Users</u> List the users authorized to use a HandPunch. This is done through the Management Menu. The instructions for listing employees begin on page 62.
- <u>Set User Data</u> Set a user's reject threshold (adjusting the sensitivity applied when a HandPunch reads a hand) and assign time zones to users (defining when users are allowed to punch in and out). These tasks are done through the Management Menu. The instructions for setting user data begin on page 62.
- <u>Restrictions</u> Set or remove time restrictions for when employees punch in. This is doen through the Management Menu. The instructions for setting in time restrictions begin on page 62.
- Remove User Remove employees (and supervisors) from a HandPunch.

 This is done through the Enrollment Menu. The instructions for removing employees begin on page 66.
- <u>Set Amnesty</u>¹ Temporarily remove time resrictions at a HandPunch to accommodate circumstances that may affect when employees punch in (such as inclement weather). This is done through the Management Menu. The instructions for setting amnesty begin on page 62.

^{1.} On HandPunch 4000 units only.

Service Menu

The Service menu commands provide information that help you determine if the HandPunch is performing within normal operating parameters and identify the status of the unit's inputs and outputs. The following section provides a brief summary of the Service Menu commands.

NOTE

There are no user serviceable parts inside the HandPunch.

Navigating the Service Command Menu

Enter the appropriate password to enter the Service command menu. Once you have entered the command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system.

- Press # to enter the command shown on the display.
- Press * to step to the next command in the menu.
- Press CLEAR to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, press
 CLEAR multiple times to completely exit the command menu.

Service Commands

There are two commands available from the Service command menu.

- Calibrate
- Status Display

Refer to Table 7 and identify the command you need to perform. Step through all previous commands until you reach the desired command.

Table 7: Service Command Menu

Service Menu	
Password = 1	
Calibrate	
Recal (Y/N)	
Status Display	
On/Off (Y/N)	

Calibrate

The Calibrate command displays the HandPunch's exposure values, allowing you to verify these values are within normal operating parameters. The standard operating parameters are shown in Table 8.

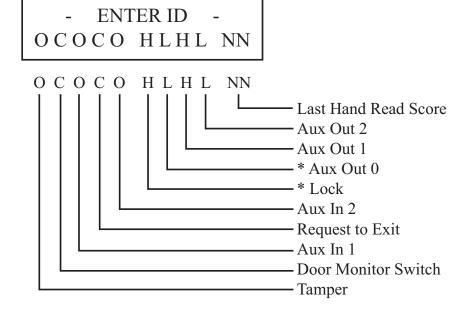
Table 8: Normal Operating Parameters

Parameter	Normal Range	
Row "r"	0 +/- 2	
Column "c"	0 +/- 2	
Exposure "e"	100 +/- 20	

Status Display The status display command allows you to enable or disable the displaying of the following information.

- the status values of HandPunch inputs and outputs
- the hand read score of the last user to verify on the system

When the status display is enabled, Figure 8-1 identifies each status display field value.



* These status values are inactive if the reader is in Card Reader Output Mode.

O = Circuit Open H = Output is OFF (High) C = Circuit Closed L = Output is ON (Low)

Figure 8-1: Status Display Chart

Setup Menu

The Setup menu commands allow you to set the basic operating parameters for the HandPunch unit. The following section provides a brief summary of all the parameters that may be set on a HandPunch unit.

NOTE

Once in the Command Menu, you can step through and set the parameters for each command sequentially. You do not have to exit command mode after setting any individual command.

Navigating the Setup Command Menu

Enter the appropriate password to enter the Setup command menu. Once you have entered the command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system.

- Press # to enter the command shown on the display.
- Press * to step to the next command in the menu.
- Press CLEAR to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, press CLEAR multiple times to completely exit the command menu.

Setup Commands

There are six commands available from the Setup command menu:

- Set Language
- Set Date Format
- · Set Date and Time
- Set Address
- Set ID Length
- Set Serial
- Set Output Mode

Refer to "Table 9" on page 57 and identify the command you need to perform. Step through all previous commands until you reach the desired command.

Table 9: Setup Command Menu

Setup Menu	
Password = 2	
Set Language	
Select Language	
Set Date Format	
Select Date Format	
Set Time and Date	
Month (MM)	
Day (DD)	
Year (YY)	
Hour (HH)	
Minute (MM)	
Set Address	
New Address	
Set ID Length	
New ID Length	
Set T & A Mode	
Set Serial ^a	
RS-422 (Y/N)	
Select Baud Rate	
RS-232	
Select Baud Rate	
Use RS-232 for Printer or Host	

Table 9: Setup Command Menu

Setup Menu	
Password = 2	
Set Serial ^a	
Verify/Enter IP Address	
Verify/Enter Gateway	
Verify/Enter Host Bit	
Set Output Mode	
For Lock & Auxiliary (Y/N)	
For Card Reader Output (Y/N)	
Upgrade	
Code	

a. The Set Serial command has different values based on whether the HandPunch unit is configured for serial or modem communication versus Ethernet communication.

Set Language The Set Language command allows the language shown on the HandPunch's display to be "localized" for a variety of countries:

- English - German - Japanese - Russian - French - Indonesian - Italian - Portuguese - Spanish - Polish

Set Date Format

The Set Date Format Command allows the date format shown on the HandPunch's display to be "localized" for a variety of countries.

mm/dd/yy
dd-MMM-yy
dd-mm-yy
dd/mm/yy
dd/mm/yy
mm-dd-yy
MMM dd,yy
ddMMMyyyy

Set Time and Date

The Set Time and Date command allows the HandPunch's time and date to be set. This is normally not necessary as the HandPunch's time and date are set by the host computer.

Set Address

The Set Address command allows a unique address to be set for each HandPunch in a network. For proper operation, each HandPunch in the network must have a unique address. All units may use any address from 0 to 254. All units are sent with the address set to 1.

Set ID Length The Set ID Length command allows you to reduce the number of keystrokes required to enter the ID number by eliminating the use of the **ENTER** key to complete an ID number entry. Once the ID Length is set, the HandPunch will automatically accept an ID number entry once the correct number of characters have been entered.

> Set ID Length does not apply when ID entry is made from a card reader. Once the ID Length is set, the T & A Mode Set command appears, allowing you to configure the HandPunch to prepare punch data for time and attendance software.

Set Serial

The Set Serial command allows you to set communication parameters depending upon the communication method for which the HandPunch has been configured. Different configuration parameters are entered based on if the unit is configured for a direct-connection or a modem connection, or if the unit is configured for Ethernet communication.

The unit defaults to the RS-422 communication mode unless a modem or Ethernet module has been installed. The unit defaults to 9600 bps which is suitable for most communication applications.

If an Ethernet module has been installed, the IP Address and Gateway and Subnet Mask must be set. The host bits should be left at 0, if communicating across a LAN.

Set Output Mode

The Set Output Mode command allows you to set how the output relays operate. The relays should be set based on the HandPunch application.

Set the HandPunch to Lock/Auxiliary Relay mode if the unit is acting as door controller (this is the factory default setting). Set the HandPunch to Card Reader Emulation mode if the unit is outputting to an access control panel.

Upgrade

This Upgrade Menu is where the HandPunch code gets input to allow for a Memory Upgrade.

Management Menu

The Management menu commands allow you to manage employee data stored in a HandPunch unit. The following section provides a brief summary of the employee data that may be manipulated on a HandPunch unit.

Enter the appropriate password to enter the Setup command menu. Once you have entered the command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system.

- Press # to enter the command shown on the display.
- Press * to step to the next command in the menu.
- Press CLEAR to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, press
 CLEAR multiple times to completely exit the command menu.

There are four commands available from the Management command menu.

- Supervisor Override
- List Users
- Set User Data
- Restrictions

Refer to Table 10 and identify the command you need to perform. Step through all previous commands until you reach the desired command.

Table 10: Setup Command Menu

Setup Menu	
Password = 3	
Supervisor Override	
Review	
ID#	
Add	
Bulk Hours	
Bulk Dollars	
Punch	

Table 10: Setup Command Menu

Setup Menu	
Password = 3	
List Users	
Display	
Print	
Set User Data	
User Reject	
User Time Zone	
Amnesty	
Set Restrictions	
On/Off (Y/N)	

Supervisor Override

The Supervisor Override command allows you to review an employee's punch record, add or remove bulk hours or dollars to an employee's punch record, or add a new punch to an employee's punch record (see "Table 11" on page 62 for a description on Punch Type codes).

Table 11: Punch Type Information

T & A Code	Type
1	IN
2	Back From Lunch
3	Out
4	Department Code
5	Back From Break
6	-not used-
7	Called Back to Work
8	Supervisor Entered Hours
9	Supervisor Entered Dollars
15	Supervisor Entered Category

List Users

The List Users command allows you to display or print a list of all the employees enrolled in a HandPunch.

Set User Data

The Set User Data command allows you to set an employee's Reject Threshold (adjusting the hand read threshold for one employee without affecting the threshold of other employees), set an employee's Time Zone (the hours an employee is allowed access), and set employee Amnesty (removing time zone restrictions for a specified number of punches – available on the HP-4000 only).

Restrictions

The Restrictions command allows you to enable or disable employee punch time restrictions, allowing or disallowing punches outside an employee's assigned time zone.

Enrollment Menu

Enrollment is the process of recording a hand image and associating it with an ID number. The first person to enroll in the HandPunch has access to all command menus. This person should enroll using the Add Supervisor command (see page 66). Once a supervisor has been enrolled, all further enrollments use the following rules:

- A user enrolled through the Add Employee command (page 66) is assigned Authority Level 0. This allows the user to punch in and/or gain access through a door secured by the HandPunch.
- A user enrolled through the Add Supervisor command (see page 66) is assigned Authority Level 5. This allows the supervisor to punch in and gain access through a door secured by the HandPunch, and it allows the supervisor to access all command menus.

NOTE

Until a user has been assigned to Authority Level 5 using the Add Supervisor command, every user with Authority Level 0 can access every menu. This is done to ensure that the first person enrolled is able to access all the menus to perform all the programming required to support the HandPunch. Once a user has been enrolled using the Add Supervisor command, all further user authority levels are assigned as per the list above. This protects the integrity of the system by enacting the Authority Level rules described above. Schlage Biometrics strongly recommends enrolling at least two users as supervisors to ensure that more than one person has the authority to access all menus and all commands.

Navigating the Setup Command Menu

Advance planning and training make enrollment fast and easy. Users should be informed on what to expect and how to place their hands on the HandPunch before you enroll them.

Enter the appropriate password to enter the Setup command menu. Once you have entered the command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system.

- Press # to enter the command shown on the display.
- Press # to step to the next command in the menu.
- Press <u>CLEAR</u> to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, press <u>CLEAR</u> multiple times to completely exit the command menu.

Preparation

Here are a few guidelines to help you prepare for an enrollment session:

- You can enroll one person or a group of people during an enrollment session.
- Each user must have a unique personal identification (ID) number. It will save you considerable time if you assign the ID numbers in advance (Refer to the <u>Design an ID Numbering System</u> section on page 47).
- The HandPunch will not accept two people with the same ID number.
- If you enroll people using the last four digits of their phone numbers or social security numbers, you may get duplicate numbers.
- If you are enrolling large groups of people you may consider using an enrollment trainer. It is a replica of a platen that is available through your Schlage Biometrics reseller.

User Education

The HandPunch is easy to use and non-threatening. However, most people have never used a biometric HandPunch. Training users on how the HandPunch works and how to use it will eliminate most fears and concerns before they occur. Inform the users of these facts.

- The HandPunch reads the shape of the hand, not the fingerprints or palmprints.
- It does not identify people. It confirms people's identity.
- It scans with an invisible light of the type used in TV remote controls.
- It does not transfer germs any more than a doorknob or money.
- It does not invade privacy; it guarantees it.
- The enrollment process requires three or more reads to collect enough information to create a template.

Proper Hand Placement

For correct, consistent hand reads it is very important that your hand is placed on the platen in the same manner every time. The following rules apply for proper hand placement on the platen also refer to "Figure 8-2" on page 65.

- If you are wearing a ring, rotate the ring so the stone faces up in its normal position.
- Slide your right hand onto the platen rather like an airplane landing at the airport.
- Slide your hand forward until the web between your index and middle finger stops against the Web Pin.
- Keep your hand flat. You should feel the surface of the platen on your palm and the underside of your fingers.
- Close your fingers together until they touch the Finger Pins and watch the hand diagram light display on the top panel.
- The lights go out when you have properly placed your fingers. If a light remains on, a finger is not in proper contact with its Finger Pin.



Figure 8-2: Placing Your Hand on the Platen

Left Hand Enrollment

Some right hands cannot be used in the HandPunch due to disabilities such as missing fingers. You can enroll a user with the left hand facing palm side up. The techniques for left hand enrollment are the same as for standard enrollment. The user should keep the back of the hand flat against the platen and move the fingers against the web pin and the finger pins in the same manner as in standard enrollment. Users enrolled with the left hand must always verify with the left hand. Extra practice on placing the hand on the platen may be required to ensure correct, consistent hand reads.

Read Score

When a user uses the HandPunch, the display appears as follows:

OKAY (USER ID) SCORE IS: (SCORE NUMBER)

The score number on the display reflects how accurately the user's hand is placed on the platen (see page 64). Scores that vary greatly between low and high numbers are indicative of inconsistent hand placement. Scores above 50 are indicative of improper hand placement or of a drastic change in the physical appearance of the hand.

When this occurs, emphasize the importance of sliding the hand onto the platen and keeping the hand flat. Re-training and practice should lower a user's score. It might be necessary to change a user's reject threshold if the user has a mild disability. Re-enrollment might be necessary to create a new user template.

Enrollment Commands

There are three commands available from the Enrollment command menu:

- Add Employee
- Add Supervisor
- Remove User

Refer to Table 12 to identify the command you need to perform. Step through all previous commands until you reach the desired command.

Table 12: Enrollment Command Menu

	Service Menu
	Password = 4
Add Employee	
ID#	
Add Supervisor	
ID#	
Remove User	
ID#	

Add Employee

The Add Employee command allows you to enroll a new employee into the HandPunch.

Add Supervisor

The Add Supervisor command allows you to enroll a new supervisor into the HandPunch.

Remove User

The Remove User command allows you to remove an employee or supervisor from the HandPunch.

Special Menu

The Special menu has one command – Special Enroll. This command accommodates users with disabilities that make it difficult or impossible to use a HandPunch in its standard way. The following section provides a brief description of the Special Menu command.

Enter the appropriate password to enter the Special command menu. Once you have entered the command menu, there are three options available for navigating the command menu system.

Press # to enter the command shown on the display.

Press * to step to the next command in the menu.

Press CLEAR to exit the command menu (pressing any numeric key also exits the command menu). If you are in a command's sub-menu, press

CLEAR multiple times to completely exit the command menu.

Special Command

There is one command available from the Special command menu:

Special Enroll

Refer to Table 13 and identify the command you need to perform. Step through all previous commands until you reach the desired command.

Table 13: Special Command Menu

Special Menu
Password = 5
Special Enroll
ID#
On/Off (Y/N)

Special Enroll The Special Enroll command allows a user to be enrolled such that the ID number is the primary criteria for determining access. A hand read is required, but is not verified against any stored identification data. A time zone value can be applied to the Special Enrollment ID number to limit access times (see page 62). The HandPunch default is for no time zone to be applied.



Special Enrollment affects the integrity of the HandPunch terminal and should only be used as a last resort. Anyone who knows a Special Enroll ID number is granted access when the ID number is used. Before specially enrolling a user, try to alleviate verification problems by adjusting the individual user's reject threshold (see page 62) or by using left hand enrollment (see page 65).

HandPunch Maintenance

A minimum amount of system maintenance is required to keep HandPunchs fully functional. HandPunchs should be cleaned periodically to prevent an accumulation of dust from affecting the HandPunch's readability. User Scores should be reviewed periodically to ensure the HandPunch is performing properly.

NOTE There are NO user serviceable parts inside the HandPunch.

Cleaning the HandPunch

Once a HandPunch system is in operation there are three HandPunch commands that can assist with system maintenance. These commands are performed through the Service Menu. The instructions for these commands begin on page 54.

- <u>Calibrate</u> View HandPunch exposure values.
- <u>Status Display</u> Display HandPunch input/output status, the hand read score of the last user to verify on the system.

Inspect and clean the HandPunch regularly to maintain optimum performance. Clean the platen, side mirror, reflector, and the window above the platen using a clean cloth dampened with ordinary, non-abrasive window cleaner (see Figure 9-1 below). Start at the rear corners of the platen and work your way forward.

NOTE

DO NOT SPRAY CLEANING FLUID DIRECTLY INTO OR ON THE HandPunch.





Figure 9-1: HandPunch Cleaning

User Score

Periodically check users' scores (refer to the Read Score section on page 65). Scores should average under 30. Occasionally a user will score above 30. This is not necessarily an indication of poor performance. If a number of scores average over 30, clean the HandPunch and check scores again. If scores remain high, or if users are experiencing frequent rejections, run the Calibration command (see page 55).

Appendix A

Tips for a successful Installation

HandPunch

- Think of the HandPunch as a camera
- Clean the HandPunch before it gets dirty
- Use non-abrasive cleaners such as glass cleaners and non-abrasive and clean cloths
- Make cleaning the HandPunch part of Janitorial program
- Do not remove the foam backing from the wall mounting plate
- Seal any holes made in the wall for wire routing, so that dust will not blow into the HandPunch

Location

- Mount all HandPunchs in a network so that the top of the platen is 40" off of the floor
- If an enrollment HandPunch is used make sure that it is placed with the top platen 40" off of the floor and not sitting directly on top of a desk, this will help to eliminate "bad enrollments"
- Mount the HandPunch so that it is not difficult or dangerous to verify then open the door
- It is not recommended to mount the HandPunch in an area where there is airborne dust, in the path of direct sunlight, or where the HandPunch can be exposed to water or corrosive gasses

Enrollment

- Educate the Enrollee on Hand Geometry
- Explain enrollment process
- Train Enrollee on hand placement
 - -Practice placing hand on platen
 - -Rotate rings to be stone-up
 - -Make sure hand is flat on platen
 - -Close finger towards the center of hand
 - -Fingers gently touch finger pins
- Let the enrollee enter in their own ID number during the enrollment process, this forces the Enroller to step aside allowing the Enrollee to stand in front of the HandPunch helping to eliminate "bad enrollments"
- If an enrollment HandReader is used make sure that it is placed with the top of the platen 40" off of the floor and not sitting directly on top of a desk, this will help to eliminate "bad enrollments"
- If an enrollment transaction fails:
 - -Retrain the user on correct placement and ensure that rings are rotated to be stone-up then

- -Try again to enroll the same hand
- -Try to enroll the other hand (with the hand placed upside-down so the thumb still contacts the thumb-pin on the platen)
- After enrollment, it is a good idea to let the enrollee enter their ID number and practice a verification transaction to ensure that the enrollment was high-quality.
- If a user consistently fails during verifications days/months/years later, reenroll the user to ensure a high quality and up-to-date enrollment record.

Communication

- Make sure the Data Convertor is plugged in
- When starting a network for the first time bring one HandPunch up at a time, this is a very easy way to find out where communication problems may exist

Appendix B

Noted Board Configuration Differences

Because of Schlage Biometrics' camera retrofit of the HandPunch some changes have been made to the main PCB and they are listed as follows:

- Dipswitches have been removed
 - -comm lines are terminated.
 - -RS-485 is set by wiring jumpers.
 - -memory is reset with a push-button reset and user interface with keypad and LCD.
- The labeling of the terminal strips have changed. See "Figure 11-1" on page 73.
- The configuration of the terminal strips have changed. See "Figure 11-2" on page 74.
- Power has moved to the right side of the PCB.
- The RSS-232 RJ-45 receptacle has been replaced with a 4 pin Molex connector on the left side of the PCB.
- A 2 pin Molex connector (J5) has been added to the board, next to the reset button, to supply power for the LEDs. This connector should never be unplugged. unless a modem or Ethernet is added to the PCB.
- The upgrading of the memory is now handled through software codes at the HandPunch. Contact Order Entry for memory upgrades.

Terminal Block Labeling

Number	OLD PCB	Number	NEW PCB
1	12-24 VDC (+) OR VAC	1	(+) 5 VDC OUTPUT
2	12-24 VDC (-) OR VAC	2	DATA/D0
RJ-11	RX-	3	CLOCK/D1
RJ-11	RX+	4	GROUND
RJ-11	TX-	5	LOCK OR CLOCK OUTPUT
RJ-11	TX+	6	BELL OR DATA OUTPUT
		7	AUXOUT 1
7	REX SWITCH	8	AUXOUT 2
8	GROUND		
9	DOOR SWITCH	9	REX SWITCH
10	GROUND	10	GROUND
11	AUX IN 1	11	DOOR SWITCH
12	GROUND	12	-
13	AUX IN 2	13	GROUND
14	GROUND	14	AUX IN 2
45	() 5 VDQ QUITDUT	D144	DV
15	()	RJ-11	
16	DATA/D0	RJ-11	
17	CLOCK/D1	RJ-11	
18	GROUND	RJ-11	IX+
19	LOCK OR CLOCK OUTPUT		40.041/00//\0001/40
20	GROUND	1	12-24 VDC (+) OR VAC
21	BELL OR DATA OUTPUT	2	12-24 VDC (-) OR VAC
22	GROUND		
23	AUXOUT 1		
24	GROUND		
25	AUXOUT 2		
26	GROUND		

Figure 11-1

Terminal Block Layout

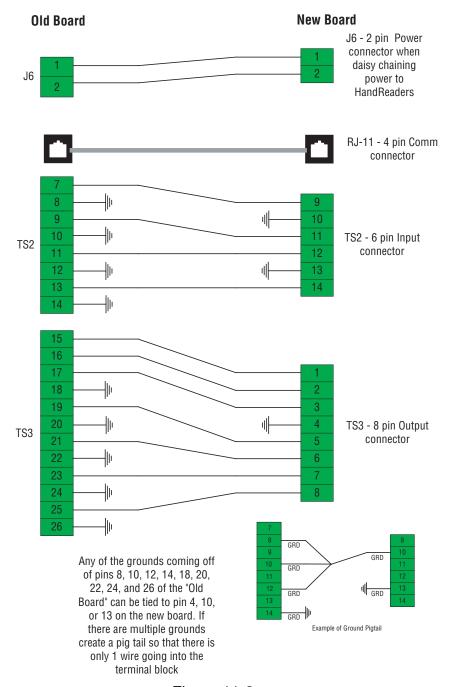
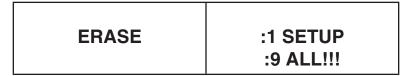


Figure 11-2

Memory Reset

To reset the memory of the HandPunch follow these steps-

- 1. Remove power and battery jumper, if a back up is installed
- 2. Press down on reset button and apply power
- 3. Release button
- 4. Reader will boot to



- Press 1 to erase setup i.e. address, outputs, passwords, but retain user database and datalogs
- Press 9 to erase everything i.e. HandPunch goes back to factory defaults

Appendix C

Old Board Configuration Information

Wall Plate Installation

- 1. Loosen the three bottom mounting screws until there is approximately 1/8 inch (3 mm) clearance between the screw head and the wall plate.
- 2. Remove the HandPunch from its carton.
- 3. At the base of the HandPunch is a piano hinge with three keyhole shaped slots that correspond with the three lower mounting screws. Align and hang the HandPunch from the three lower mounting screws (see below).

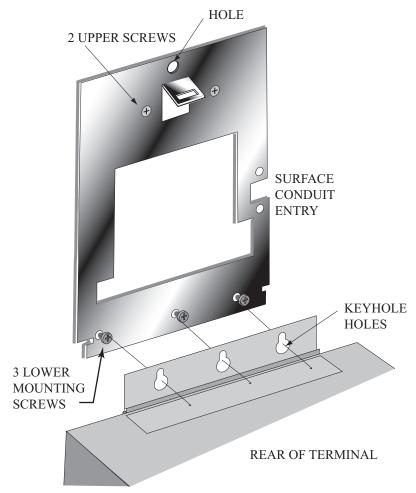


Figure 13-1: Attaching the HandPunch to the Wall Plate

- 4. Tighten all three lower mounting screws.
- 5. The HandPunch is now ready for its wiring connections.

Grounding

NOTE

Terminal 1 and the center pin of jack J12 are connected together. Terminal 2 and the sleeve of jack J12 are connected together.

NOTE

Use any one of the following ground terminals to make the earth ground connection: 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 20, 22, 24, or 26. Do **NOT** use terminal 2 to establish the earth ground connection; terminal 2 is not directly connected to ground.

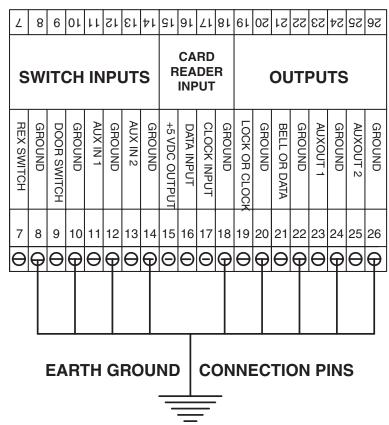


Figure 13-2: Earth Ground Connection Terminals

There are two standard methods for providing earth grounding to HandPunch units:

- earth grounding all units (see 15)
- carrying an earth ground to each unit (see 16)

Earth ground all units when there is a good earth ground source near each unit and/or when there are very long cable runs between units.

Carry an earth ground to each unit when there are no earth grounds convenient to the unit and the unit's power supply is floating.

Wiring Connections

Once the HandPunch is attached to the wall plate the wiring connections to the HandPunch can be made (see Figure 13-3 below).

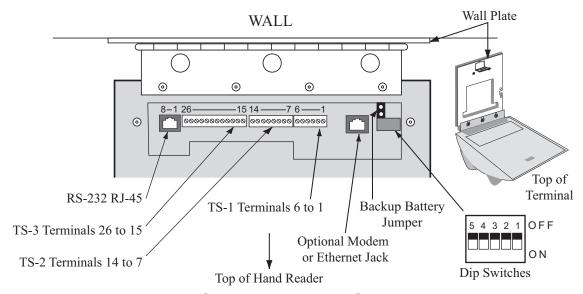


Figure 13-3: Wiring Connections and Dip Switches

Wiring Examples

The following Tables provide the pin outs for the terminal strips on the HandPunch.

- "Table 14" on page 79 provides the pinouts for TS-2 Input Connections.
- "Table 15" on page 79 provides the pinouts for TS-3 Card Reader and Output Connections.
- "Table 16" on page 80 provides the pinouts for the RJ-45/RS-232 Serial Printer or Host Computer Connection.
- "Table 17" on page 81 provides the pinouts for the RJ-11/RS-422 HandPunch-to-HandPunch Network Connection.

The following Figures provide pinout diagrams for the RJ connectors.

- Figure 13-4 on 81 provides the pinouts for J3, the RJ-11/RS-422 Network Connection.
- "Figure 13-5" on page 81 provides the pinouts for J8, the RJ-45/RS-232 Serial Printer Connection.

The following Figures provide sample HandPunch wiring diagrams:

- "Figure 13-6" on page 82 provides a sample Bell Output wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-7" on page 83 provides a sample Door Lock Output wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-8" on page 84 provides a sample Request to Exit, Door Switch, and Auxiliary Inputs wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-9" on page 85 provides a sample Auxiliary Outputs wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-10" on page 86 provides a sample External Card Reader wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-11" on page 87 provides a sample RS-422 4-Wire Direct-Connect Host PC to HandPunch Network wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-12" on page 88 provides a sample Host PC to HandPunch Ethernet Network wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-13" on page 89 provides a sample Host PC to HandPunch Modem Network wiring diagram.
- "Figure 13-14" on page 90 provides a sample Printer or Host PC to HandPunch wiring diagram.

Table 14: TS-2 - Input Connections

Terminal	Connection	
7	Request to Exit Input	
8	Ground	
9	Door Monitor Switch Input (NC Standby)	
10	Ground	
11	Auxiliary Input 1	
12	Ground	
13	Auxiliary Input 2	
14	Ground	

Table 15: TS-3 - Card Reader and Output Connections

Terminal	Connection
15	+5 VDC @ 400 mA Max. Output for External Card Reader
16 Card Reader: Wiegand D0 or Magnetic Stripe Data In	

Table 15: TS-3 - Card Reader and Output Connections

Terminal	Connection	
17	Card Reader: Wiegand D1 or Magnetic Stripe Clock Input	
18	Card Reader Ground	
19	Lock Output or Wiegand D1 or Magnetic Stripe Clock Output	
20	Ground	
21	Auxiliary Output 0 or Wiegand Data 0 or Magnetic Stripe Data Output	
22	Ground	
23	Auxiliary Output 1	
24	Ground	
25	Auxiliary Output 2	
26	Ground	

Table 16: RJ-45/RS-232 Serial Printer Connection

J8 Pin	Signal	Connection
1	RI	* Ring Indicator Input (from external device)
2	CD	* Carrier Detect Input (from external device)
3	DTR	* Data Terminal Ready Output (to external device)
4	GND	Ground
5	Rx Data	Receive Data Input (from external device)
6	Tx Data	Transmit Data Output (to external device)
7	CTS	* Clear to Send Input (from external device)
8	RTS	* Ready to Send Output (to external device)

^{*} These signals are not currently supported

Table 17: RJ-11/RS-422 Network Connection

J3 Pin	Signal
1	Rx+
2	Rx-
3	Tx-
4	Tx+

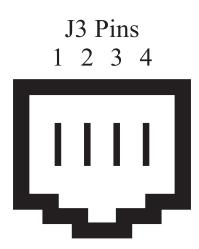


Figure 13-4: J3 - RJ-11/RS-422 Jack Pinout

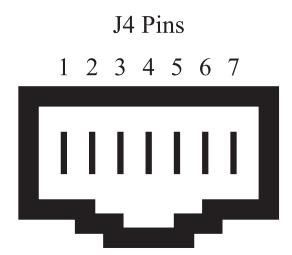
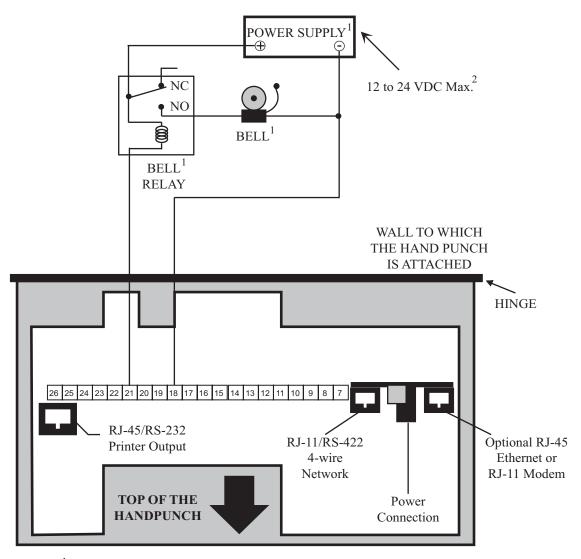


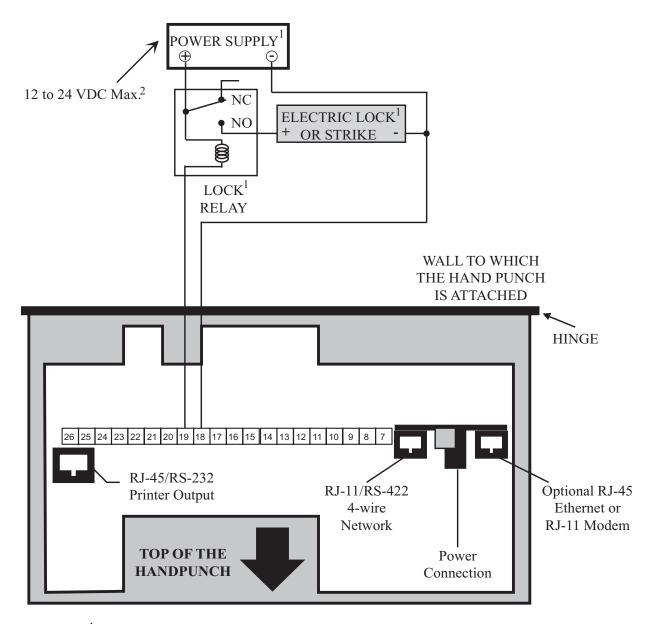
Figure 13-5: J4 - RJ-45/RS-232 Jack Pinout



¹ These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 13-6: Bell Output Wiring Diagram

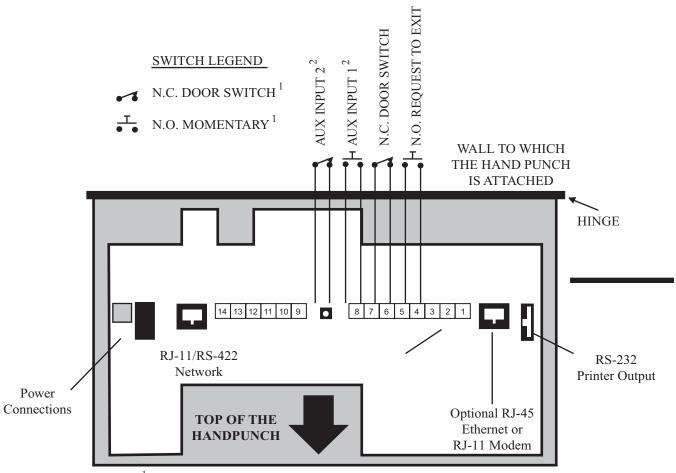
² The Power Supply shall be a UL Listed Limited Current Power Source for UL 294 Installations.



¹These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 13-7: Door Lock Output Wiring Diagram

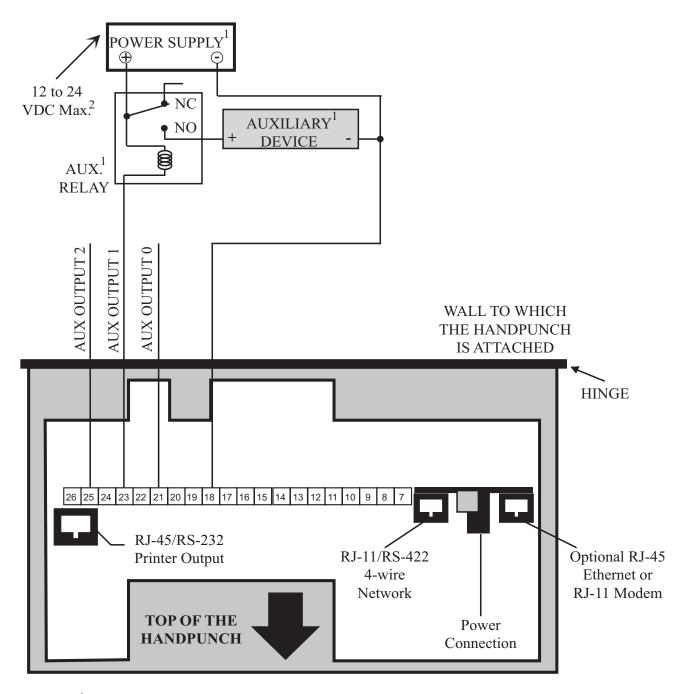
² The Power Supply shall be a UL Listed Limited Current Power Source for UL 294 Installations.



¹ These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 13-8: Request to Exit, Door Switch, and Auxiliary Inputs Wiring Diagram

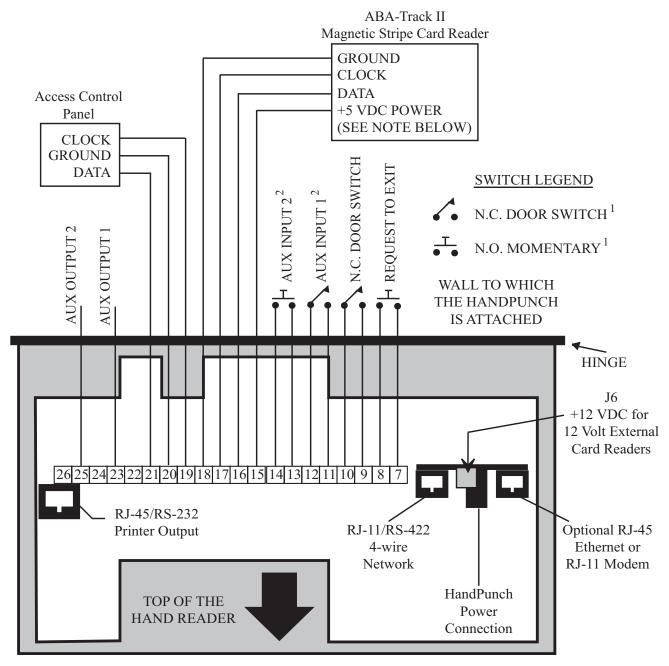
² The Aux 1 and Aux 2 input contact states are programmable within the HandPunch unit.



¹These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 13-9: Auxiliary Outputs Wiring Diagram

² The Power Supply shall be a UL Listed Limited Current Power Source for UL 294 Installations.



¹ These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

NOTE: For +12 VDC magnetic stripe readers, connect the magnetic stripe reader power supply to J6 on the Hand Punch.

Figure 13-10: External Card Reader Wiring Dlagram

² The Aux 1 and Aux 2 input contact states are programmable within the HandPunch unit.

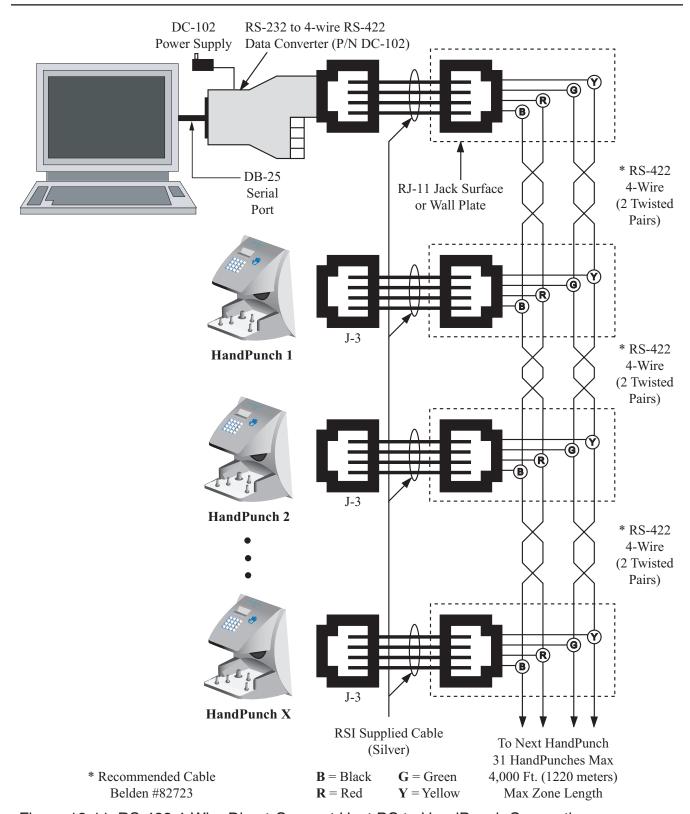


Figure 13-11: RS-422 4-Wire Direct-Connect Host PC to HandPunch Connection

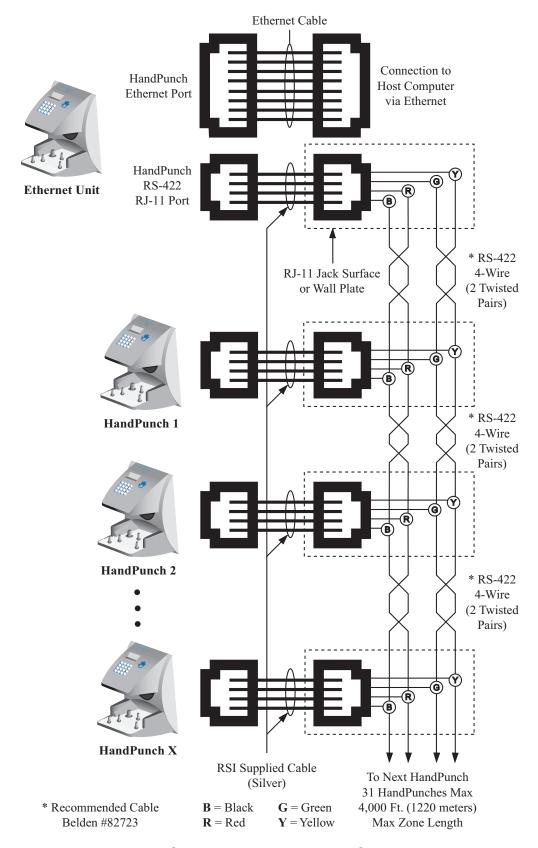


Figure 13-12: Host PC to HandPunch Ethernet Connection

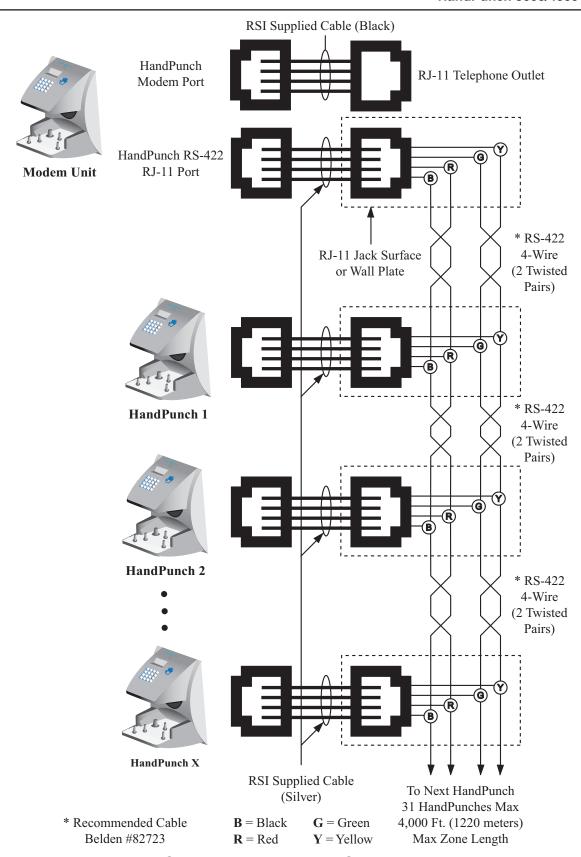
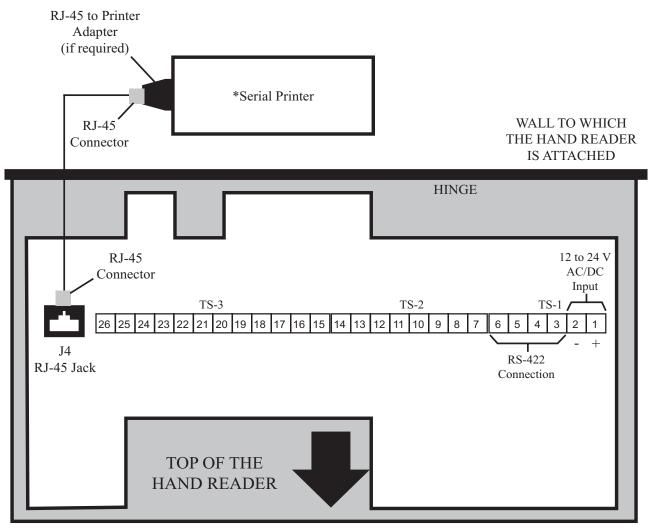


Figure 13-13: Host PC to HandPunch Modem Connection



^{*} These components are not supplied by Recognition Systems, Inc.

Figure 13-14: HandPunch to Serial Printer or Host Computer Wiring Diagram

Setting the DIP Switches

The DIP Switch settings perform three tasks for the HandPunch (see Figure 13-15 below):

- Set End of Line (EOL) Termination to match the type of termination needed by the network.
- Set the Communication Method to match the type of network used.
- Erase Memory to clear HandPunch memory to all factory defaults values and also clear all user memory.

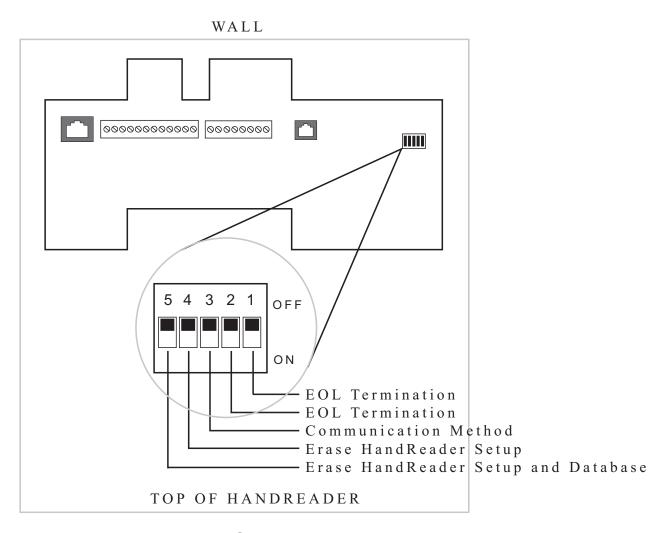


Figure 13-15: HandPunch Dip Switches

End of Line Termination

Termination helps to ensure clean data signals are transmitted through the network wiring. Termination is applied to the end-of-line (EOL) HandPunch in the network daisy-chain. The factory default setting is for EOL termination to be disabled – switches 1 and 2 OFF. Refer to "Figure 13-15" on page 91 for switch ON/OFF positioning.

- To enable EOL termination at a HandPunch, both switches 1 and 2 must be ON.
- To disable EOL termination at a HandPunch, both switches 1 and 2 must be OFF.

EOL Termination must be **enabled** for:

- A single HandPunch terminal installation.
- In a HandPunch Direct-Connect network the last HandPunch in the daisy-chain (the one farthest from the host computer).
- In a Modem/HandPunch to PC network the HandPunch terminal with the Ethernet option (for communication with the host computer) in the daisychain.

EOL Termination must be disabled for:

- All HandPunches in the network not identified in teh previous section.
- In an Ethernet/HandPunch to PC network the HandPunch terminal with the Ethernet option (for communication with the host computer) in the daisy-chain.

Communication Method

The communication method dip switch is set ON for factory testing purposes. The factory default setting and for standard operation, switch 3 must be OFF.

Switch 3 must always be OFF.

Erasing HandPunch Memory

The erase memory function can perform either or both of the following:

- Erase a HandPunch's configuration data.
- Erase a HandPunch's user database, transaction buffer, and menus (and messages on the HandPunch 4000).

The factory default setting (and normal operation setting) is set for switches 4 and 5 to be OFF, retaining memory.

NOTE

If the HandPunch is equipped with the battery backup option, remove shunt J7 in front of the DIP switch array (see "Figure 13-3" on page 78) before proceeding. Replace shunt J7 after completion of the following steps.

Erasing the HandPunch Setup

Perform the following steps to erase the configuration data but retain the user database.

- 1. With system power OFF, set switch 4 ON.
- 2. Turn system power ON and wait for HandPunch boot information to appear on the display.
- 3. Turn switch 4 OFF.

Erasing the HandPunch Setup and User Database

Perform the following steps to erase both the configuration data and the user database.

- 1. With system power OFF, set both switches 4 and 5 ON.
- 2. Turn system power ON and wait 5 seconds.
- 3. Turn both switches 4 and 5 OFF.



Before putting the HandPunch into service ensure DIP switches 4 and 5 are both OFF. If switches 4 and 5 are not off, the next time the HandPunch's power is cycled the HandPunch's memory will be erased.

Appendix D

Troubleshooting Guide

Display Messages During Verification

Various messages can appear on the HandPunch's dispaly during hand verification. These messages are defined in Table 18 below.

Table 18: Display Messages During Verification

Message	Definition
PLACE HAND	The platen is ready to receive your hand for verification.
ID VERIFIED	You are verified, proceed.
REMOVE HAND	Remove your hand and place it on the platen again. Follow proper hand placement rules.
TRY AGAIN	Your attempt was rejected. Repeat verification following proper hand placement rules.
ID REFUSED	Your rejections exceeded the maximum number of tries allowed. Wait until another employee has verified and try again or call your supervisor.
ENTER ID	You entered your ID number incorrectly or your access time is restricted.

- If the display shows **TRY AGAIN**, you are not verified. You may have made an error in entering your ID number or in placing your hand on the platen. Re-enter your ID number and try again, taking care to follow proper hand placement rules (see 64).
- If the display shows **TIME RESTRICTION**, you are not authorized to punch in at this time. If this seems to be in error, contact your supervisor about time restrictions.
- After a pre-programmed number of denied attempts, an ID number will no longer be accepted and the display will appear as follows:

ID INVALID TEMPORARILY

This is called a "lockout". Before the rejected ID number can be used again, another employee or a supervisor must successfully verify at the HandPunch.

 If you enter your ID number, but do not place your hand on the platen, the HandPunch will time-out in about 25 seconds. You can immediately end this time-out by the CLEAR key.

Beeper and LED Status During Verification

The HandPunch's beeper and LED status display also displays hand verification information. This information is defined in Table 19 below.

Table 19: Beeper and LED Status During Verification

Operation	Beeps	LED	Meaning
During Keypad	1 per Keystroke	_	Keystroke
Entry			Accepted
After ID Entry	_	_	OK - Proceed
After ID Entry	2	_	ID Number Not in
			Database
After Hand	1	Green	ID Verified
Placement			
After Hand	2	Red	ID Not Verified -
Placement			Try Again
After Hand	1 Long	Red	ID Refused
Placement	Continuous		

Glossary

- Address, IP An Internet Protocol address is a unique address assigned to a computer for communicating over a LAN/WAN. It is made up of 4 sets of numbers, separated by periods (for example, 123.245.78.901).
- Address, HandPunch A HandPunch Address is a unique identification number assigned to a HandPunch. Each HandPunch on a site must be assigned its own unique address.
- AWG American Wire Gauge is a U.S. standard set of wire conductor sizes. The "gauge" refers to the diameter of teh wire. The higher the gauge number, the smaller the diameter, the thinner the wire, and teh greater the electrical resistance. Thicker, smaller gauge wire carries more current because it has less electrical resistance over a given length. Thicker wire is better for long wire distances.
- Daisy-Chain A Daisy-Chaing is a method of wiring together HandPunch on a network, where the first HandPunch is connected to the second HandPunch, which is connected to the third HandPunch, and so on until the last HandPunch is reached.
- End-of-Line (EOL) Termination EOL Termination is a set of resistors attached to the data lines at the last HandPunch physically connected to a network. These resistors prevent data signal distortion and reflection back across the data lines, improving the integrity of the network connection.
- HandPunch Address see Address, HandPunch.
- IP Address see Address, IP.
- Platen The Platen is the flat surface at the base of the HandPunch, on which a user places his/her hand for enrollment and verification. The platen has guide pins to ensure the user's fingers are consistently positioned correctly.
- Template A Template is a set of data generated for a user. It is made up of the user's enrollment information and any system configuration parameters that are assigned to the user. The template is stored at each HandPunch and can be stored at the host computer with the Time and Attendance software.
- Time Zone A Time Zone is an identified period of time, during which a user is allowed to punch in our out at a HandPunch. Punch attempts outside of that time period are rejected by the HandPunch.
- Transaction A Transaction is any kind of event recorded at a HandPunch.

 Transactions may include In or Out punches, department transfers, and supervisor edits.

Wiegand™ Reader – The term "Wiegand Reader" has two meanings depending upon its application. A true Wiegand reader reads a specially constructed card made up of small pieces of magnetic wire. As the card is swiped through the reader, the individual bits of wire generate a unique data signal. This data signal is made up of a Facility Code field (typically 8 bits), an ID number field (typically 16 bits), and parity bits (typically 2 bits) for a total of 26 bits of data. Now this 26-bit Wiegand data format has been adopted by a variety of card reader devices for entering user ID data. Other Wiegand formats (for example, 37-bit) are used as well.

Limited Warranty

Schlage Biometrics, Inc. (the "Company") warrants to the original user the products manufactured by the Company (the "Product") to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase by usch user or 15 months from the date of shipment from the factory, whichever is sooner, provided:

- 1. The Company has been notified within such period by return of any alleged defective product, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, to the Company or its authorized dealer, transportation prepaid; and
- 2. The Product has not been abused, misused, or improperly maintained and/or repaired during such period; and
- 3. Such defect has not been caused by ordinary wear and tear; and
- 4. Such defect is not the result of voltage surges/brownouts, lightning, water damage/flooding, fire, explosion, earthquakes, tornadoes, acts of aggression/war, or similar phenomenon; and
- 5. Accessories used as integral to the Product have been approved by the Company.

The Company shall, at its option, either repair or replace, free of charge, the Product found, upon the Company's inspection, to be so defective, or if agreed upon, refund the purchase price, less a reasonable allowance for depreciation, in exchange for the Product.

THE COMPANY MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESSED WARRANTY PERIOD AS SET FORTH ABOVE.

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